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(54) Title: SECRETED PROTEINS OF MYCOBACTERIUM TUBERCULOSIS AND THEIR USE AS VACCINES AND DIAGNOSTIC REAGENTS

(57) Abstract: The invention provides *mycobacterium tuberculosis* polypeptides and genes encoding them for use in diagnostic and prophylactic methodologies.

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SECRETED PROTEINS OF MYCOBACTERIUM TUBERCULOSIS AND  
THEIR USE AS VACCINES AND DIAGNOSTIC REAGENTS

Background of the Invention

The invention is in the field of tuberculosis and,  
5 specifically, reagents useful for generating immune responses  
to *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* and for diagnosing infection  
and disease in a subject that has been exposed to *M.*  
*tuberculosis*.

Tuberculosis infection continues to be a world-wide  
10 health problem. This situation has recently been greatly  
exacerbated by the emergence of multi-drug resistant strains  
of *M. tuberculosis* and the international AIDS epidemic. It  
has thus become increasingly important that effective  
vaccines against and reliable diagnostic reagents for *M.*  
15 *tuberculosis* be produced.

U.S. application no. 08/796,792 is incorporated herein  
by reference in its entirety.

Summary of the Invention

The invention is based on the discovery of a novel group  
20 of open reading frames (ORFs) encoding polypeptides that are  
secreted by *M. tuberculosis*. The invention features these  
polypeptides, functional segments thereof, DNA molecules  
encoding either the polypeptides or the functional segments,  
vectors containing the DNA molecules, cells transformed by  
25 the vectors, compositions containing one or more of any of  
the above polypeptides, functional segments, or DNA  
molecules, and a variety of diagnostic, therapeutic, and  
prophylactic (vaccine) methodologies utilizing the foregoing.

Specifically, the invention features an isolated DNA  
30 molecule containing a DNA sequence encoding a polypeptide

with a first amino acid sequence that can be the amino acid sequence of the polypeptide MTSP1, MTSP2, MTSP3, MTSP4, MTSP5, MTSP6, MTSP7, MTSP8, MTSP9, MTSP10, MTSP11, MTSP12, MTSP13, MTSP14, MTSP15, MTSP16, MTSP17, MTSP18, MTSP19, MTSP20, MTSP21, MTSP22, MTSP23, MTSP24, MTSP25, MTSP26, MTSP27, MTSP28, MTSP29, MTSP30, MTSP31, MTSP32, MTSP33, MTSP34, MTSP35, MTSP36, MTSP37, MTSP38, MTSP39, MTSP40, MTSP41, MTSP42, MTSP43, MTSP44, MTSP45, MTSP46, or MTSP47, as depicted in Fig. 1, or a second amino acid sequence identical to the first amino acid sequence with conservative substitutions; the polypeptide has *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* specific antigenic and immunogenic properties. Also included in the invention is an isolated portion of the above DNA molecule. The portion of the DNA molecule encodes a segment of the polypeptide shorter than the full-length polypeptide, and the segment has *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* specific antigenic and immunogenic properties. Other embodiments of the invention are vectors containing the above DNA molecules and transcriptional and translational regulatory sequences operationally linked to the DNA sequence, the regulatory sequences allow for the expression of the polypeptide or functional segment encoded by the DNA sequence in a cell. The invention encompasses cells (e.g., eukaryotic and prokaryotic cells) transformed with the above vectors.

The invention encompasses compositions containing any of the above vectors and a pharmaceutically acceptable diluent or filler. Other compositions to be used as DNA vaccines can contain at least two (e.g., three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, then, twelve, fifteen or twenty) DNA sequences, each encoding a polypeptide of the *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* complex or a functional segment thereof, with the DNA sequences being operationally linked to transcriptional and

translational regulatory sequences which allow for expression of each of the polypeptides in a cell of a vertebrate. In such compositions, at least one of the DNA sequences contains the sequence of the above DNA molecules of the invention.

5       The invention also features an isolated polypeptide with a first amino acid sequence that can be the sequence of the polypeptide MTSP1, MTSP2, MTSP3, MTSP4, MTSP5, MTSP6, MTSP7, MTSP8, MTSP9, MTSP10, MTSP11, MTSP12, MTSP13, MTSP14, MTSP15, MTSP16, MTSP17, MTSP18, MTSP19, MTSP20, MTSP21, MTSP22,  
10 MTSP23, MTSP24, MTSP25, MTSP26, MTSP27, MTSP28, MTSP29, MTSP30, MTSP31, MTSP32, MTSP33, MTSP34, MTSP35, MTSP36, MTSP37, MTSP38, MTSP39, MTSP40, MTSP41, MTSP42, MTSP43, MTSP44, MTSP45, MTSP46, or MTSP47, as depicted in Fig. 1, or a second amino acid sequence identical to the first amino  
15 acid sequence with conservative substitutions. The polypeptide has *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* specific antigenic and immunogenic properties. Also included in the invention is an isolated segment of this polypeptide, the segment being shorter than the full-length polypeptide and having  
20 *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* specific antigenic and immunogenic properties. Other embodiments are compositions containing the polypeptide, or functional segment, and a pharmaceutically acceptable diluent or filler. Compositions of the invention can also contain at least two (e.g., three  
25 four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, twelve, fifteen, or twenty) polypeptides of the *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* complex, or functional segments thereof, with at least one of the at least two polypeptides having the sequence of one of the above described polypeptides of the invention.

30       The invention also features methods of diagnosis. One embodiment is a method involving: (a) administration of one of the above polypeptide compositions to a subject suspected

of having or being susceptible to *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* infection; and (b) detecting an immune response in the subject to the composition, as an indication that the subject has or is susceptible to *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*

5 infection. Another embodiment is a method that involves: (a) providing a population of cells containing CD4 T lymphocytes from a subject; (b) providing a population of cells containing antigen presenting cells (APC) expressing a major histocompatibility complex (MHC) class II molecule expressed  
10 by the subject; (c) contacting the CD4 lymphocytes of (a) with the APC of (b) in the presence of one or more of the polypeptides, functional segments, and or polypeptide compositions of the invention; and (d) determining the ability of the CD4 lymphocytes to respond to the polypeptide,  
15 as an indication that the subject has or is susceptible to *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* infection. Another diagnostic method of the invention involves: (a) contacting a polypeptide, a functional segment, or a polypeptide/functional segment composition of the invention  
20 with a bodily fluid of a subject; (b) detecting the presence of binding of antibody to the polypeptide, functional segment, or polypeptide/functional segment composition, as an indication that the subject has or is susceptible to *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* infection.

25 Also encompassed by the invention are methods of vaccination. These methods involve administration of any of the above polypeptides, functional segments, or DNA compositions to a subject. The compositions can be administered alone or with one or more of the other  
30 compositions.

As used herein, an "isolated DNA molecule" is a DNA which is one or both of: not immediately contiguous with one

or both of the coding sequences with which it is immediately contiguous (i.e., one at the 5' end and one at the 3' end) in the naturally-occurring genome of the organism from which the DNA is derived; or which is substantially free of DNA

5 sequence with which it occurs in the organism from which the DNA is derived. The term includes, for example, a recombinant DNA which incorporated into a vector, e.g., into an autonomously replicating plasmid or virus, or into the genomic DNA of a prokaryote or eukaryote, or which exists as  
10 a separate molecule (e.g., a cDNA or a genomic fragment produced by PCR or restriction endonuclease treatment) independent of other DNA sequences. Isolated DNA also includes a recombinant DNA which is part of a hybrid DNA encoding additional *M. tuberculosis* polypeptide sequences.

15 "DNA molecules" include cDNA, genomic DNA, and synthetic (e.g., chemically synthesized) DNA. Where single-stranded, the DNA molecule may be a sense strand or an antisense strand.

An "isolated polypeptide" of the invention is a  
20 polypeptide which either has no naturally-occurring counterpart, or has been separated or purified from components which naturally accompany it, e.g., in *M. tuberculosis* bacteria. Typically, the polypeptide is considered "isolated" when it is at least 70%, by dry weight,  
25 free from the proteins and naturally-occurring organic molecules with which it is naturally associated. Preferably, a preparation of a polypeptide of the invention is at least 80%, more preferably at least 90%, and most preferably at least 99%, by dry weight, the peptide of the invention.  
30 Since a polypeptide that is chemically synthesized is, by its nature, separated from the components that naturally accompany it, the synthetic polypeptide is "isolated."

An isolated polypeptide of the invention can be obtained, for example, by extraction from a natural source (e.g., *M. tuberculosis* bacteria); by expression of a recombinant nucleic acid encoding the polypeptide; or by chemical synthesis. A polypeptide that is produced in a cellular system different from the source from which it naturally originates is "isolated," because it will be separated from components which naturally accompany it. The extent of isolation or purity can be measured by any appropriate method, e.g., column chromatography, polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis, or HPLC analysis.

The polypeptides may contain a primary amino acid sequence that has been modified from those disclosed herein. Preferably these modifications consist of conservative amino acid substitutions. Conservative substitutions typically include substitutions within the following groups: glycine and alanine; valine, isoleucine, and leucine; aspartic acid and glutamic acid; asparagine and glutamine; serine and threonine; lysine and arginine; and phenylalanine and tyrosine.

The terms "protein" and "polypeptide" are used herein to describe any chain of amino acids, regardless of length or post-translational modification (for example, glycosylation or phosphorylation). Thus, the term "*Mycobacterium tuberculosis* polypeptide" includes full-length, naturally occurring *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* protein, as well a recombinantly or synthetically produced polypeptide that corresponds to a full-length naturally occurring *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* protein or to particular domains or portions of a naturally occurring protein. The term also encompasses a mature *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* polypeptide

which has an added amino-terminal methionine (useful for expression in prokaryotic cells).

As used herein, "immunogenic" means capable of activating a primary or memory immune response. Immune responses include responses of CD4+ and CD8+ T lymphocytes and B-lymphocytes. In the case of T lymphocytes, such responses can be proliferative, and/or cytokine (e.g., interleukin(IL)-2, IL-3, IL-4, IL-5, IL-6, IL-12, IL-13, IL-15, tumor necrosis factor- $\alpha$  (TNF- $\alpha$ ), or interferon- $\gamma$  (IFN- $\gamma$ ))-producing, or they can result in generation of cytotoxic T-lymphocytes (CTL). B-lymphocyte responses can be those resulting in antibody production by the responding B lymphocytes.

As used herein, "antigenic" means capable of being recognized by either antibody molecules or antigen-specific T cell receptors (TCR) on activated effector T cells (e.g., cytokine-producing T cells or CTL).

Thus, polypeptides that have "*Mycobacterium tuberculosis* specific antigenic properties" are polypeptides that: (a) can be recognized by and bind to antibodies elicited in response to *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* organisms or wild-type *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* molecules (e.g., polypeptides); or (b) contain subsequences which, subsequent to processing of the polypeptide by appropriate antigen presenting cells (APC) and bound to appropriate major histocompatibility complex (MHC) molecules, are recognized by and bind to TCR on effector T cells elicited in response to *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* organisms or wild-type *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* molecules (e.g., polypeptides).

As used herein, polypeptides that have "*Mycobacterium tuberculosis* specific immunogenic properties" are polypeptides that: (a) can elicit the production of



antibodies that recognize and bind to *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* organisms or wild-type *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* molecules (e.g., polypeptides); or (b) contain subsequences which, subsequent to processing of the polypeptide by appropriate antigen presenting cells (APC) and bound to appropriate major histocompatibility complex (MHC) molecules on the surface of the APC, activate T cells with TCR that recognize and bind to peptide fragments derived by processing by APC of *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* organisms or wild-type *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* molecules (e.g., polypeptides) and bound to MHC molecules on the surface of the APC. The immune responses elicited in response to the immunogenic polypeptides are preferably protective. As used herein, "protective" means preventing establishment of an infection or onset of a disease or lessening the severity of a disease existing in a subject. "Preventing" can include delaying onset, as well as partially or completely blocking progress of the disease.

As used herein, a "functional segment of a *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* polypeptide" is a segment of the polypeptide that has *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* specific antigenic and immunogenic properties.

Where a polypeptide, functional segment of a polypeptide, or a mixture of polypeptides and/or functional segments have been administered (e.g., by intradermal injection) to a subject for the purpose of testing for a *M. tuberculosis* infection or susceptibility to such an infection, "detecting an immune response" means examining the subject for signs of a immunological reaction to the administered material, e.g., reddening or swelling of the skin at the site of an intradermal injection. Where the subject has antibodies to the administered material, the

response will generally be rapid, e.g., 1 minute to 24 hours. On the other hand, a memory or activated T cell reaction of pre-immunized T lymphocytes in the subject is generally slower, appearing only after 24 hours and being maximal at 24-96 hours.

As used herein, a "subject" can be a human subject or a non-human mammal such as a non-human primate, a horse, a bovine animal, a pig, a sheep, a goat, a dog, a cat, a rabbit, a guinea pig, a hamster, a rat, or a mouse.

Unless otherwise defined, all technical and scientific terms used herein have the same meaning as commonly understood by one of ordinary skill in the art to which this invention pertains. In case of conflict, the present document, including definitions, will control. Preferred methods and materials are described below, although methods and materials similar or equivalent to those described herein can be used in the practice or testing of the present invention. Unless otherwise indicated, these materials and methods are illustrative only and are not intended to be limiting. All publications, patent applications, patents and other references mentioned herein are illustrative only and not intended to be limiting.

Other features and advantages of the invention, e.g., methods of diagnosing or vaccinating against *M. tuberculosis* infection, will be apparent from the following description, from the drawings and from the claims.

#### Brief Description of the Drawings

Figure 1 is a depiction of the amino acid sequences of *M. tuberculosis* polypeptides MTSP1-MTSP47.

Figure 2 is a depiction of the nucleotide sequences of the coding regions (mtsp1-mtsp47) encoding MTSP1-MTSP47.

Fig. 3A is a line graph showing the distribution of SPSCAN scores for the 3924 *M. tuberculosis* protein sequences obtained from the Sanger Center website.

Fig. 3B is a line graph showing the distribution of  
5 SignalP scores for the 3924 protein sequences obtained from the Sanger Center website.

Fig. 3C is a "dot plot" of SignalP scores versus SPSCAN scores for the individual 3924 protein sequences obtained from the Sanger Centre website.

10 Fig. 4 is an enlargement of Fig. 3C.

#### Detailed Description

It is generally believed that proteins that are actively secreted by bacteria, especially intracellular bacteria (e.g., *Salmonella typhi* and *M. tuberculosis*), are effective  
15 as antigens that are capable of inducing protective immunity to the organism. A number of open reading frames (ORF), (i.e., DNA sequences that encode a protein) were predicted from the genomic sequence of *M. tuberculosis* [Cole et al. (1998) Nature 393:537-544]. The instant invention is based  
20 on the identification of a number of ORFs of this group that encode secreted polypeptides (see Example 1). The polypeptides encoded by the ORFs thus identified are designated *M. tuberculosis* Secreted Polypeptides (MTSP) and the DNA sequences encoding them are designated mtsp. Because  
25 they are secreted, we believe that the MTSP are both immunogenic and antigenic. The immune responses that they induce in subjects exposed to them are preferably also protective against *M. tuberculosis* infection in the subjects. The amino acid sequences of MTSP1-MTSP44 are shown in Fig. 1  
30 and the nucleotide sequences of mtsp1-mtsp44 are shown in Fig. 2.

The invention encompasses: (a) isolated DNA molecules containing sequences (e.g., *mtspl-mtsp47*) encoding polypeptides (e.g., MTSP1-MTSP47) secreted by *M. tuberculosis* and isolated portions of such DNA molecules that encode

5 polypeptide segments having antigenic and immunogenic properties (i.e., functional segments); (b) the secreted polypeptides themselves (e.g., MTSP1-MTSP47) and functional segments of them; (c) antibodies (including antigen binding fragments, e.g., F(ab')<sub>2</sub>, Fab, Fv, and single chain Fv

10 fragments of such antibodies) that bind to the MTSP1-MTSP47 polypeptides and functional segments; (d) nucleic acid molecules (e.g., vectors) containing and capable of expressing one or more of the DNA molecules containing the *mtspl-mtsp47* sequences and portions of DNA molecules; (e)

15 cells (e.g., bacterial, yeast, insect, or mammalian cells) transformed by such vectors; (f) compositions containing vectors encoding one or more *M. tuberculosis* polypeptides (or functional segments) including both the MTSP1-MTSP47 polypeptides (or functional segments thereof) and previously

20 described *M. tuberculosis* polypeptides such as ESAT-6, 14 kDa antigen, MPT63, 19 kDa antigen, MPT64, MPT51, MTC28, 38 kDa antigen, 45/47 kDa antigen, MPB70, Ag85 complex, MPT53, and KatG (see also U.S. application no. 08/796,792); (g) compositions containing one or more *M. tuberculosis*

25 polypeptides (or functional segments), including both the polypeptides of the invention and previously described *M. tuberculosis* polypeptides such as those described above; (h) compositions containing one or more of antibodies described in (c); (i) methods of diagnosis involving either (1)

30 administration (e.g., intradermal injection) of the MTSP1-MTSP44 polypeptides of the invention, functional segments thereof, or mixtures of one more such polypeptides and/or

functional segments to a subject suspected of having or being susceptible to *M. tuberculosis* infection, (2) in vitro testing of lymphocytes from such a subject for responsiveness to the MTSP1-MTSP47 polypeptides, functional segments thereof, or the above mixtures, or (3) testing of a bodily fluid (e.g., blood, saliva, plasma, serum, urine, or semen or a lavage such as a bronchoalveolar lavage, a vaginal lavage, or lower gastrointestinal lavage) for antibodies to the MTSP1-MTSP47 polypeptides or functional segments thereof, or the above-described mixtures; (j) methods of vaccination involving administration to a subject of the compositions of either (f), (g), (h) or a combination of any two or even all 3 compositions.

With respect to diagnosis, purified *M. tuberculosis* proteins, functional segments of such proteins, or mixtures of proteins and/or the functional fragments have the advantage of discriminating infection by *M. tuberculosis* from infection by other bacteria, and in particular, non-pathogenic mycobacteria. Of particular benefit in such assays are proteins encoded by genes present in *M. tuberculosis*, and possibly other members of the *M. tuberculosis* complex (e.g., *M. tuberculosis*, *M. bovis*, *M. microti*, and *M. africanum*), but absent from the Bacille Calmette-Guerin (BCG) attenuated strain of *M. bovis* which has been commonly used for vaccination. Use of such proteins (e.g., the MTSP16 protein whose sequence is shown in Fig. 1) for diagnosis allows for discrimination between infection by *M. tuberculosis* and vaccination with BCG. Furthermore, compositions containing the *M. tuberculosis* proteins, functional segments of them, or mixtures of the proteins and/or the functional segments allows for improved quality control since "batch-to-batch" variability is greatly reduced

in comparison to complex mixtures such as purified protein derivative (PPD) of tuberculin.

Where vaccination is performed with nucleic acids both in vivo and ex vivo methods can be used. In vivo methods involve administration of the nucleic acids themselves to the subject and ex vivo methods involve obtaining cells (e.g., bone marrow cells or fibroblasts) from the subject, transducing the cells with the nucleic acids, preferably selecting or enriching for successfully transduced cells, and administering the transduced cells to the subject. Alternatively, the cells that are transduced and administered to the subject can be derived from another subject. Methods of vaccination and diagnosis are described in greater detail in U.S. application no. 08/796,792 which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

The following example is meant to illustrate, not limit the invention.

**Example 1. Computer Aided Identification of *M. tuberculosis* Secreted Proteins**

**Software.**

The software used to manipulate and analyze protein sequences was available from public web servers or was part of the Genetics Computer Group (GCG) package [Wisconsin Package Version 9.1, Genetics Computer Group (GCG), Madison, Wisc.]. Customized C-Shell scripts were used to automate some of the tasks or to extract selected information from the output of some of the programs. Signal peptides were predicted with SPSCAN, which is part of the GCG package, and SignalP, a program originating from the Center for Biological Sequence Analysis at the Technical University of Denmark, Lyngby, Denmark and currently available on the Internet at <http://www.cbs.dtu.dk/services/SignalP>. Putative

transmembrane segments were identified with the program  
TMpred and prokaryotic membrane lipoprotein lipid attachment  
sites with the program PrositeScan, both programs originating  
from the Bioinformatics Group at the Swiss Institute for  
5 Experimental Cancer Research in Epalinges, Switzerland, and  
currently available on the Internet at [http://www.isrec.isb-sib.ch/software/TMPRED\\_form.html](http://www.isrec.isb-sib.ch/software/TMPRED_form.html) and [http://www.isrec.isb-sib.ch/software/PSTSCAN\\_form.html](http://www.isrec.isb-sib.ch/software/PSTSCAN_form.html), respectively. Protein  
similarity and relatedness was established with GAP and  
10 PILEUP, both in the GCG package, Blast originating from the  
National Center for Biotechnology Information of the National  
Institutes for Health, Bethesda, MD and currently available  
on the Internet at <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/BLAST/>, and  
AllAll originating from the Swiss Institute of Technology,  
15 Zurich, Switzerland, and currently available on the Internet  
at [http://cbrg.inf.ethz.ch/subsection3\\_1\\_1.html](http://cbrg.inf.ethz.ch/subsection3_1_1.html).

Prediction of *M. tuberculosis* proteins with signal peptides

The amino acid sequences of the 3924 proteins predicted  
by the analysis of the *M. tuberculosis* genomic sequence have  
20 been made available by the Sanger Centre, Cambridge, England,  
and were downloaded from the current Sanger Center website  
[[http://www.sanger.ac.uk/Projects/M\\_tuberculosis/](http://www.sanger.ac.uk/Projects/M_tuberculosis/)]. Segments  
containing the first 70 amino acids of each predicted protein  
were analyzed by a system of our own design utilizing two  
25 different computer programs (SPSCAN and SignalP) designed to  
predict the occurrence of signal peptides. We concluded that  
combining the output from the two programs would increase the  
reliability of the selection. Both programs can detect  
signal peptides in polypeptides from eukaryotic and  
30 prokaryotic organisms, including gram-positive and gram-  
negative bacteria. To analyze the *M. tuberculosis* proteins  
the gram-positive mode was used. We performed an analysis

with SPSCAN allowing only one prediction per protein, setting the minimum score threshold at -10, both in the standard and the adjusted modes. In the adjusted mode, signal peptides longer than a certain threshold value are penalized. We

5 found that the correlation between the scores obtained with SPSCAN in the standard and adjusted modes increased with the value of the score, i.e., signal peptides that received high scores in standard mode also had high scores in the adjusted mode. We determined to use only the adjusted mode in  
10 subsequent steps.

To define cutoff values for the scores obtained with SPSCAN (in adjusted mode) and SignalP we took into account the following factors: (a) SignalP scores above 0.34 are generally considered significant; (b) the analysis of  
15 *Haemophilus influenzae* genome with SignalP yielded the prediction that about 10% of the encoded proteins contain a signal peptide; and (c) the average scores of thirteen known secreted or membrane-associated *M. tuberculosis* antigens was 9.11 (standard deviation (SD)=1.8) and 0.55 (SD=0.15), as  
20 calculated as above utilizing SPSCAN and SignalP, respectively (Table 1).

Of the 3924 *M. tuberculosis* protein sequences downloaded from the Sanger Centre website, about 10% of the sequences had SPSCAN scores equal or higher than 8 (Fig. 3A) and about  
25 10% of the sequences had SignalP scores equal or higher than 0.4 (Fig 3B). We tentatively adopted these score values as "cutoffs" and we used the cutoffs to construct a list of proteins that were likely to be either secreted or exposed at the bacterial cell surface. This list included those  
30 proteins with SPSCAN scores higher than 8 and SignalP scores higher than 0.4. We refer to this group of proteins (208



entries, about 5% of the proteome) as the "Top208" group (Fig. 3C and Fig. 4).

Table 1. SPCAN and SignalP Scores of Known Secreted or Membrane Associated *M. tuberculosis* Polypeptide Antigens

Polypeptide Antigens	Alternative Names	SPSCAN Score	SignalP Score
19 kDa		5.9	0.331
38 kDa	PhoS, Ag78, antigen 5	6.3	0.505
45/47 kDa		11.2	0.627
MPT44	Ag85A, P32, FbpA	9.2	0.425
MPT45	Ag85C, FbpC	10.1	0.496
MPT51		11	0.758
MPT53		9.4	0.581
MPT59	Ag85B, á antigen, Ag 6, FbpB	9.7	0.629
MPT63		8	0.57
MPT64		10.2	0.83
MPT70		9	0.459
MPT83		7.1	0.298
MTC28		11.4	0.7

#### 5 Prediction of *M. tuberculosis* secreted proteins

A signal peptide may target a protein to the membrane but does not define a secreted protein, because additional transmembrane segments within the mature protein molecule can be present. In addition, lipoproteins are also targeted to the membrane by a signal peptide, but are not all secreted since cleavage of the signal peptide is coupled with the attachment of an acyl glycerol group that anchors the protein to the membrane. In light of these considerations and the fact that SignalP is not designed to differentiate lipoprotein signal peptides from secretory signal peptides, we believe that the Top208 group contains lipoproteins and proteins with multiple transmembrane segments, in addition to secreted proteins.

The number of putative transmembrane segments and the presence of lipoprotein lipid attachment sites were assessed by analyzing the Top208 proteins with TMpred and PrositeScan.

TMpred identifies putative transmembrane segments by comparing a query amino acid sequence with a database of amino acid sequences of experimentally defined transmembrane segments. Scores higher than 500 are considered significant.

5    PrositeScan compares query amino acid sequences against the Prosite database of protein motifs. The prokaryotic lipoprotein lipid attachment site motif is entry number PS00013. Our methodology identified a class of secreted proteins (the "Top208-TM1" group that included MTSP1-MTSP44)  
10    which were characterized by a single transmembrane segment (with score higher than 500) in the position predicted for the signal peptide and in which no lipoprotein motifs were identified. Other proteins had additional transmembrane segments with scores higher than 500, had lipoprotein motifs,  
15    or were excluded from the analysis because they belonged to the PE/PPE/PGRS families of proteins [Cole et al., 1998] and their biased amino acid composition made it difficult to obtain reliable results with SPSCAN, SignalP, or TMpred. A summary of the characteristics of the proteins we assigned to  
20    the Top208-TM1 group is presented in Table 2 and data regarding proteins MTSP1-MTSP47 are presented in Table 3. The amino acid sequences of the proteins are listed in Fig. 1 and the nucleotide sequences of ORF encoding them (mtsp1-mtsp47) are listed in Fig. 2.

25

Table 2. Features defining the *M. tuberculosis* proteins included in the Top208-TM1 group.

- 
1. A signal peptide with score higher than 0.4 was predicted  
5 with SignalP in the first 70 amino acids.
  2. A signal peptide with score higher than 8 was predicted  
with SPSCAN in the first 70 amino acids.
  3. A single transmembrane segment, with a score greater than  
500 and coinciding approximately with the putative signal  
10 peptide, was predicted by TMpred.
  4. No lipoprotein lipid attachment sites were identified with  
PrositeScan.
-

Table 3. Proteins included in the Top208-TM1 group.

Protein	No. of Amino Acids	SPSCAN Score	SPSCAN Sequence	SignalP Score	SignalP Sequence
MTSP20	130	12.4	1-32	0.672	1-32
MTSP21	109	8.4	1-22	0.631	1-22
MTSP23	114	10.2	1-34	0.592	1-34
MTSP16	126	9.2	1-28	0.557	1-36
MTSP24	125	11.4	1-35	0.73	1-35
MTSP14	144	8.9	1-34	0.584	1-34
MTSP13	157	10	1-32	0.753	1-32
MTSP22	124	8.6	1-30	0.592	1-30
MTSP25	155	9.5	35-49	0.842	1-49
MTSP27	233	13.8	1-29	0.787	1-29
MTSP11	233	10.9	1-32	0.779	1-32
MTSP26	382	8.3	1-34	0.721	1-34
MTSP12	214	12.6	1-28	0.71	1-28
MTSP8	158	9.1	1-33	0.695	1-30
MTSP10	155	8.8	15-45	0.669	1-45
MTSP28	295	14.8	1-31	0.667	1-31
MTSP9	241	10	1-22	0.635	1-22
MTSP29	380	12.4	1-27	0.621	1-27
MTSP2	111	10.6	1-28	0.579	1-28
MTSP4	177	8.7	1-25	0.578	1-24
MTSP17	219	8.9	1-29	0.543	1-29
MTSP3	282	11.5	1-32	0.538	1-32
MTSP18	220	8.8	38-68	0.537	1-68
MTSP6	219	8.4	1-34	0.537	1-34
MTSP7	136	11.7	1-24	0.53	1-24
MTSP31	457	9.1	1-18	0.494	1-25
MTSP30	286	8.3	15-37	0.469	1-37
MTSP1	104	8.2	1-28	0.466	1-28
MTSP15	134	10	1-21	0.458	1-56
MTSP32	449	8.8	1-23	0.444	1-23
MTSP19	169	10.5	28-53	0.438	1-53
MTSP5	568	9.9	1-31	0.432	1-31
MTSP33	113	11.9	1-25	0.873	1-25
MTSP41	112	12	1-33	0.663	1-3
MTSP38	173	10.5	1-28	0.697	1-28
MTSP35	408	8.8	1-33	0.616	1-33
MTSP34	149	13.7	1-23	0.888	1-23
MTSP36	168	11.3	1-28	0.824	1-27
MTSP42	521	8.4	1-34	0.679	1-34
MTSP44	149	11	1-30	0.661	1-30
MTSP37	228	9.4	1-23	0.598	1-23
MTSP40	231	9.2	1-30	0.55	1-30
MTSP43	137	8.2	1-36	0.485	1-37
MTSP39	509	8.6	1-35	0.413	1-38
MTSP45	145	8.4	1-46	0.412	1-62
MTSP46	143	8.5	1-27	0.555	1-66
MTSP47	171	8.3	1-35	0.424	1-30

SPSCAN sequence and SignalP sequence show the sequence, in terms of amino acid residue numbers, included in the signal peptide predicted by SPSCAN and SignalP, respectively.

Table 4. Presence mtsp coding regions in various strains of *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*.

Coding Region	M. tuberculosis	M. bovis BCG	M. bovis	M. kansaii	M. africanum	M. scrofulaceum	M. fortuitum	M. marinum	M. mageritense	M. avium	M. gastri	M. chelonae	M. ulcerans
MTSP6	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MTSP28	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MTSP44	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+/-
MTSP34	+	+	+	+/-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MTSP39	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MTSP1	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MTSP15	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MTSP35	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MTSP5	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MTSP46	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	-	+	-	-
MTSP11	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	-	-
MTSP24	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	+
MTSP23	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	-
MTSP41	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	-	-
MTSP22	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-
MTSP26	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MTSP40	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MTSP13	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	-
MTSP16	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MTSP42	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	+
MTSP36	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MTSP47	+	+	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MTSP38	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MTSP10	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MTSP17	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MTSP29	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+/-	+/-
MTSP31	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MTSP32	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MTSP30	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+/-	+/-	+
MTSP3	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MTSP20	+	+	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MTSP4	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MTSP27	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+/-	+/-

The inventors have found, by standard DNA hybridization. Southern blotting techniques using the indicated coding regions as probes and DNA isolated from the indicated strains  
5 of *Mycobacteria*, that some of the coding regions are specific for the *M. tuberculosis* complex. (Table 4)

Although the invention has been described with reference to the presently preferred embodiment, it should be understood that various modifications can be made without  
10 departing from the spirit of the invention. Accordingly, the invention is limited only by the following claims.

What is claimed is:

1           1. An isolated DNA molecule comprising a DNA sequence  
2 encoding a polypeptide with a first amino acid sequence  
3 selected from the group consisting of the amino acid  
4 sequences of the polypeptides MTSP1, MTSP2, MTSP3, MTSP4,  
5 MTSP5, MTSP6, MTSP7, MTSP8, MTSP9, MTSP10, MTSP11, MTSP12,  
6 MTSP13, MTSP14, MTSP15, MTSP16, MTSP17, MTSP18, MTSP19,  
7 MTSP20, MTSP21, MTSP22, MTSP23, MTSP24, MTSP25, MTSP26,  
8 MTSP27, MTSP28, MTSP29, MTSP30, MTSP31, MTSP32, MTSP33,  
9 MTSP34, MTSP35, MTSP36, MTSP37, MTSP38, MTSP39, MTSP40,  
10 MTSP41, MTSP42, MTSP43, MTSP44, MTSP45, MTSP46, and MTSP47 as  
11 depicted in Fig. 1,  
12           or a second amino acid sequence identical to said first  
13 amino acid sequence but with conservative substitutions,  
14           wherein said polypeptide has *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*  
15 specific antigenic and immunogenic properties.

1           2. An isolated portion of the DNA molecule of claim 1,  
2 said portion encoding a segment of said polypeptide shorter  
3 than the full-length polypeptide, said segment having  
4 *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* specific antigenic and immunogenic  
5 properties.

1           3. A vector comprising:  
2           (a) the DNA molecule of claim 1; and  
3           (b) transcriptional and translational regulatory  
4 sequences operationally linked to said DNA sequence, said  
5 regulatory sequences allowing for expression of the  
6 polypeptide encoded by said DNA sequence in a cell.

1           4. A vector comprising:  
2           (a) the DNA molecule of claim 2; and



3 (b) transcriptional and translational regulatory  
4 sequences operationally linked to said DNA sequence, said  
5 regulatory sequences allowing for expression of the  
6 polypeptide encoded by said DNA sequence in a cell.

1 5. A cell transformed with the vector of claim 3.

1 6. A cell transformed with the vector of claim 4.

1 7. A composition comprising the vector of claim 3 and a  
2 pharmaceutically acceptable diluent or filler.

1 8. A composition comprising the vector of claim 4 and a  
2 pharmaceutically acceptable diluent or filler.

1 9. A composition for use as a DNA vaccine, said  
2 composition comprising at least two DNA sequences, each  
3 encoding a polypeptide of the *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*  
4 complex or a functional segment thereof, said DNA sequences  
5 being operationally linked to transcriptional and  
6 translational regulatory sequences which allow for expression  
7 of each said polypeptide in a cell of a vertebrate,  
8 wherein at least one of said DNA sequences is the  
9 sequence of claim 1.

1 10. A composition for use as a DNA vaccine, said  
2 composition comprising at least two DNA sequences, each  
3 encoding a polypeptide of the *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*  
4 complex or a functional segment thereof, said DNA sequences  
5 being operationally linked to transcriptional and  
6 translational regulatory sequences which allow for expression  
7 of each said polypeptide in a cell of a vertebrate,  
8 wherein at least one of said DNA sequences is the  
9 sequence of claim 2.

1           11. An isolated polypeptide with a first amino acid  
2 sequence selected from the group consisting of the sequences  
3 of the polypeptides MTSP1, MTSP2, MTSP3, MTSP4, MTSP5, MTSP6,  
4 MTSP7, MTSP8, MTSP9, MTSP10, MTSP11, MTSP12, MTSP13, MTSP14,  
5 MTSP15, MTSP16, MTSP17, MTSP18, MTSP19, MTSP20, MTSP21,  
6 MTSP22, MTSP23, MTSP24, MTSP25, MTSP26, MTSP27, MTSP28,  
7 MTSP29, MTSP30, MTSP31, MTSP32, MTSP33, MTSP34, MTSP35,  
8 MTSP36, MTSP37, MTSP38, MTSP39, MTSP40, MTSP41, MTSP42,  
9 MTSP43, MTSP44, mtsp45, mtsp46, and MTSP47 as depicted in  
10 Fig. 1,

11           or a second amino acid sequence identical to said first  
12 amino acid sequence but with conservative substitutions,  
13           wherein said polypeptide has *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*  
14 specific antigenic and immunogenic properties.

1           12. An isolated segment of the polypeptide of claim 11,  
2 said segment being shorter than the full-length polypeptide  
3 and having *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* specific antigenic and  
4 immunogenic properties.

1           13. A composition comprising the polypeptide of claim  
2 11, or a functional segment thereof, and a pharmaceutically  
3 acceptable diluent or filler.

1           14. A composition comprising the polypeptide of claim  
2 12, or a functional segment thereof, and a pharmaceutically  
3 acceptable diluent or filler.

1           15. A composition comprising at least two polypeptides  
2 of the *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* complex, or functional  
3 segments thereof, wherein at least one of said at least two  
4 polypeptides is the sequence of claim 1.

1        16. A composition comprising at least two polypeptides  
2 of the *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* complex, or functional  
3 segments thereof, wherein at least one of said at least  
4 polypeptides is the segment of claim 2.

1        17. A method of diagnosis comprising:

2        (a) administration of the composition of claim 13 to a  
3 subject suspected of having or being susceptible to  
4 *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* infection; and

5        (b) detecting an immune response in said subject to  
6 said composition, as an indication that said subject has or  
7 is susceptible to *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* infection.

1        18. A method of diagnosis comprising:

2        (a) administration of the composition of claim 14 to a  
3 subject suspected of having or being susceptible to  
4 *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* infection; and

5        (b) detecting an immune response in said subject to  
6 said composition, as an indication that said subject has or  
7 is susceptible to *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* infection.

1        19. A method of diagnosis comprising:

2        (a) administration of the composition of claim 15 to a  
3 subject suspected of having or being susceptible to  
4 *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* infection; and

5        (b) detecting an immune response in said subject to  
6 said composition as an indication that said subject has or is  
7 susceptible to *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* infection.

1        20. A method of diagnosis comprising:

2        (a) administration of the composition of claim 16 to a  
3 subject suspected of having or being susceptible to  
4 *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* infection; and

5 (b) detecting an immune response in said subject to  
6 said composition as an indication that said subject has or is  
7 susceptible to *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* infection.

1 21. A method of diagnosis comprising:

2 (a) providing a population of cells comprising CD4 T  
3 lymphocytes from a subject;

4 (b) providing a population of cells comprising antigen  
5 presenting cells (APC) expressing a major histocompatibility  
6 complex (MHC) class II molecule expressed by said subject;

7 (c) contacting the CD4 lymphocytes of (a) with the APC  
8 of (b) in the presence of the polypeptide of claim 1; and

9 (d) determining the ability of said CD4 lymphocytes to  
10 respond to said polypeptide, as an indication that said  
11 subject has or is susceptible to *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*  
12 infection.

1 22. A method of diagnosis comprising:

2 (a) providing a population of cells comprising CD4 T  
3 lymphocytes from a subject;

4 (b) providing a population of cells comprising antigen  
5 presenting cells (APC) expressing at least one major  
6 histocompatibility complex (MHC) class II molecule expressed  
7 by said subject;

8 (c) contacting the CD4 lymphocytes of (a) with the APC  
9 of (b) in the presence of the segment of claim 2; and

10 (d) determining the ability of said CD4 lymphocytes to  
11 respond to said polypeptide, as an indication that said  
12 subject has or is susceptible to *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*  
13 infection.

1 23. A method of diagnosis comprising:

2 (a) providing a population of cells comprising CD4 T  
3 lymphocytes from a subject;

4 (b) providing a population of cells comprising antigen  
5 presenting cells (APC) expressing at least one major  
6 histocompatibility complex (MHC) class II molecule expressed  
7 by said subject;

8 (c) contacting the CD4 lymphocytes of (a) with the APC  
9 of (b) in the presence of the composition of claim 15; and

10 (d) determining the ability of said CD4 lymphocytes to  
11 respond to said polypeptide, as an indication that said  
12 subject has or is susceptible to *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*  
13 infection.

1 24. A method of diagnosis comprising:

2 (a) providing a population of cells comprising CD4 T  
3 lymphocytes from a subject;

4 (b) providing a population of cells comprising antigen  
5 presenting cells (APC) expressing at least one major  
6 histocompatibility complex (MHC) class II molecule expressed  
7 by said subject;

8 (c) contacting the CD4 lymphocytes of (a) with the APC  
9 of (b) in the presence of the composition of claim 16; and

10 (d) determining the ability of said CD4 lymphocytes to  
11 respond to said polypeptide, as an indication that said  
12 subject has or is susceptible to *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*  
13 infection.

1 25. A method of diagnosis comprising:

2 (a) contacting the polypeptide of claim 11 with a bodily  
3 fluid of a subject;

4 (b) detecting the presence of binding of antibody to  
5 said polypeptide, as an indication that said subject has or  
6 is susceptible to *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* infection.

1 26. A method of diagnosis comprising:

2 (a) contacting the segment of claim 12 with a bodily  
3 fluid of a subject;

4 (b) detecting the presence of binding of antibody to  
5 said polypeptide, as an indication that said subject has or  
6 is susceptible to *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* infection.

1 27. A method of diagnosis comprising:

2 (a) contacting the composition of claim 15 with a bodily  
3 fluid of a subject;

4 (b) detecting the presence of binding of antibody to  
5 said composition, as an indication that said subject has or  
6 is susceptible to *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* infection.

1 28. A method of diagnosis comprising:

2 (a) contacting the composition of claim 16 with a bodily  
3 fluid of a subject;

4 (b) detecting the presence of binding of antibody to  
5 said composition, as an indication that said subject has or  
6 is susceptible to *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* infection.

1 29. A method of vaccination comprising administration  
2 of the composition of claim 7 to a subject.

1 30. A method of vaccination comprising administration  
2 of the composition of claim 8 to a subject.

1 31. A method of vaccination comprising administration  
2 of the composition of claim 9 to a subject.

1 32. A method of vaccination comprising administration  
2 of the composition of claim 10 to a subject.

1 33. A method of vaccination comprising administration  
2 of the composition of claim 13 to a subject.

1           34.    A method of vaccination comprising administration  
2 of the composition of claim 14 to a subject.

1           35.    A method of vaccination comprising administration  
2 of the composition of claim 15 to a subject.

1           36.    A method of vaccination comprising administration  
2 of the composition of claim 16 to a subject.

FIG. 1

MTSP1  
MNRIVQFGVSAVAAAAIGIGAGSGIAAAFDGEDEVTPDADRARAAAVQAVPGGTAGEVE  
TETGEGAAAYGVLVTRPDGTRVEVHLDRDFRVLDTPEADGDGG\*

MTSP2  
MRLSLTALSAGVGAVAMSLTVGAGVASADPVDVAVINTTCNYGQVVAALNATDPGAAAQFN  
ASPVAQSYLRNFLAAPPQRAAMAAQLQAVPGAAQYIGLVESVAGSCNNY\*

MTSP3  
MFTGIASHAGALGAALVVLIGAAILHDGPAAADPNQDDRFLALLEKKEIPAVANVPRVID  
AAHKVCRKLDGGMPVNDIVDGLRNDAYNIDPVMRLYPVRLTTTMRFISA AVEIYCPNH  
SKMAFAMANFEPGSNEPTHRVAASTRSVNSGSDLRASVSDMTIMSPGWREPTGAMLASV  
LGAVRAGDPLIPNPPPIPVPPPAQTLPPIVAPPPRPAPPQQPPPPPEVEPPAGV  
PQSGGAAGSGGAGSGGGGGGDPVEPSPARPMPPGFIRLAP\*

MTSP4  
MTRLIPGCTLVGLMLTLLPAP TSAAGSNTATTLPVDEV TQLEHTFLDCHPNGSCDFVA  
GANLRTPDGPTGFPPGLWARQTTEIRSTNRLAYLDAHATSQFERVMKAGGSDVITTVYFG  
EGPPDKYQTTGVIDSTNWSTGQPM TDVNVIVCTHMQVVYPGVNLTSPSTCAQANFS\*

MTSP5  
MVLRSRKSTLGVVVCLALVLGGPLNGCSSSASHRGPLNAMGSPAIPSTAQEIPNPLRGQY  
EDLMEPLFPQGNPAQQRYPPWPASYDASLRVSWRQLQPTDPRTLPPDAPDDRKYDFSVID  
NALTRLADRGMRLLRLVYAYSSCCKASYPDGTNIAIPDWERAIASTNTSYPGPATDPSTG  
VVQVVPNFNDSTYLNDFAQLLAALGRYDGERLSVFEFSGYGDFSENHVAYLRDTLGAP  
GPGPDES VATLGYYSQFRDQNTTASIQLIAANVSAFPHTQLVTSPANPEIVRELFAD  
VTNKLAAPVGVRSDCLGVDA PLPAWAESSTSHYVQTKDPVVAALRQRLATAPVITEWCEL  
PTGSSPRAYYEKGLRDVIRYHVSM TSSVNFDPQTATSPMDPALYLVWAQANAAAGYRYSV  
EAQPGSQALAGKVATISVTWNTNYGAAAATEKWVPGYRLVDSTGQVVRTLPAAVDLKTLVS  
DQRGDRSSDQPTPASVAETVRVDLSGLPAGHYTLRAAIDWQQHKPNGSHVVNYP PMLLSR  
DGRDDSGFY PVATLDI PRDAQTAVNAS\*

MTSP6  
MSRLLALLCAAVCTGCVAVVLAPVSLAVVNPWFANSVGNATQVVSVVGTGGSTAKMDVYQ  
RTAAGWQPLKTGITTHIGSAGMAPEAKSGYPATPMGVYSLDSAFTAPNPGGGLPYTQVG  
PNHWWSGDDNSPTFNSMQVCQKSQCPFSTADSENLOI PQYKHSVVMGVNKA KVPKGSAF  
FFHTTDGGPTAGCVAID DATLVQIIRWLRPGAVIAIAK\*

MTSP7  
MIRELVTTAAITGAAIGGAPVAGADPQRYDGDVPGMNYDASLGAPCSSWERFIFGRGPSG  
QAEACHFPPPNQFPFAETGYWVISYPLYGVQQVGAPCPKPQAAAQSPDGLPMLCLGARGW  
QPGWFTGAGFFPPEP\*



FIG. 1 (continued)MTSP8

MGELRLVGGVLRVLVVVGAVFDVAVLNAGAASADGPVQLKSRLGDVCLDAPSGSWFSPLV  
INPCNGTDFQRWNLTDQRQVESVAFPGECVNIGNALWARLQPCVNWISQHWTVQPDGLVK  
SDLDACLTVLGGPDPGTWVSTRWCDPNAPDQQWDSVP\*

MTSP9

MPAMTARSVVLVSVLLGAHPAWATASELIQLTADFGIKETTLRVALTRMVGAGDLVRSADG  
YRLSDRLLARQRRQDEAMRPRTRAWHGNWHMLIVTSIGTDARTRAALRTCMMHHRFGELR  
EGVWMRPDNLDDLDESVAARVRMLTARDEAPADLAGQLWDLSGWTEAGHRLLGDMAAAT  
DMPGRFVVAAAMVRHLLTDPMLPAELLPADWPGAGLRAAYHDFATAMAKRRDATQLLEVT  
\*

MTSP10

VPAGVGNASGSVLDMTSVRTVPSAVALVTFAGAALSGVIPAIARADPVGHQVTTYTVTTTS  
DLMANIRYMSADPPSMAAFNADSSKYMITLHTPIAGGQPLVYTATLANPSQWAIVTASGG  
LRVNPEFHCEIVVDGQVVVSQDGGSGVQCSTRPW\*

MTSP11

MTTSKIATAFKTATFALAAGAVLGLASPADAAAGTMYGDPAAAAKYWRQOTYDDCVLMS  
AADVIGQVTGREPSERAIIKVAQSTPSVVHPGSIYTKPADAHEPNSGMGTSVADIPTLLA  
HYGVDAVITDEDHATATGVATGMAALEQYLGSGHAVIVSINAEMIWGQPVEETDSAGNPR  
SDHAVVVTGVDTENGIVHLNDSGTPTGRDEQIPMETFVEAWATSHDFMAVTT\*

MTSP12

MGVIARVVGVAACGLSLAVLAAAPTAGAEPTGALPPMTSSGSGPVI GDGDAALRQRISQQ  
LFSFGDPTVQEVDGSDAAQFITAAA VADRDVASVFLPLQRVLGCCQONTAGSGAGFGARA  
YRRTDGQWGGAMLVVAKSTVSDVDALKACVKSGWRKATAGTPTSMCNGWTPPFADTRR  
GEEGYFVLLAGTASDFCSAPNANYRTTASSWPG\*

MTSP13

MRLKPAPSPAAAFVAVAGLILAGWAGSVGLAGADPEPAPT PKTAIDS DGT YAVGIDIAPGT  
YSSAGPVGDGTCYWKRMGNPDGALIDNALS KKPQVVTIEPTDKAFKTHGCQPWQNTGSEG  
AAPAGVPGPEAGAQLQNQLGILNGLLGPTGGRVPQP\*

MTSP14

MITNLRRRTAMAAAGLGAALGLGILLVPTVDAHLANGSMSEVMMSEIAGLPI PPI IHYGA  
IAYAPSGASGKAWHQRTPARAEQVALEKCGDKTCKVVS RFTRCGAVAYNGSKYQGGTGLT  
RRAAEDDAVNRLEGGRI VNWACN\*

MTSP15

VTVLLDANVLIALVVAEHVHDAADWLMASDTGFATCPMTQGSLVRFLVRSQSAAAAR  
DVVSAVQCTSRHEFWPDALS FAGVEVAGVVGHRQVTDAYLAQLARSHDGQLATLDSGLAH  
LHGDVAVLIPTTT\*

FIG. 1 (continued)MTSP16

VQRQSLMPQQT LAAGVFV GALLCGVVTA AVPPHARADV VAYLVNVTVRPGYNFANADAAL  
SYGHGLCEKVS RGRPYAQI IADVKADFDTRDQYQASYLLSQAVNELCPALI WQLRNSAVD  
NRRSG\*

MTSP17

VRSYLLRIELADRP GSLGSLAVALG SVGADILSLDVVERGNGYAIDDLVVELPPGAMPDT  
LITAAEALNGVRVDSVRPHTGLLEAHRELELLDHVAAAEGATARLQVLVNEAPRVLRVSW  
CTVLRSSGGELHRLAGSPGAPETRANSAPWLP IERAAALDGGADWVPQAWRDMDTTMVAA  
PLGDTHTA VVLGRPGPEFRPSEVARLG YLAGIVATMLR\*

MTSP18

MPDGEQSOPPAQEDAEDDSRPDAAEAAAAEPKSSAGPMFSTYGIAS TLLGVLSVA AVVLG  
AMIWSAHRDDSGERTYLTRVMLTAAEWTA VLINMNADNIDASLQRLHDGTVGQLNTDFDA  
VVQPYRQVVEKLRTHSSGRIEAVAIDTVHRELD TQSGAARPVVTTKLPPFATR TDSVLLV  
ATSVSENAGAKPQTVHWNLR LVDVSDVDGKL MISRLSIR\*

MTSP19

MKMVKSIAAGLTAAAAIGAAAAGVTSIMAGGPVVYQM QPVVFGAPLPLDPASAPDVPTAA  
QLTSLNLSLADPNVSFANKGSLVEGGIGGTEARIADHKLKKA AEHGDLPLSFSVTNIQPA  
AAGSATADVS VSGPKLSSPVTQNVTFVNQGGWMLS RASAMELLQAAGN\*

MTSP20

MNLRRHQTLTLRLLAASAGILSAAAFAPAQANPVDDAFIAALNNAGVNYGDPVDAKALG  
QSVCPILAEPPGGSFNTAVASVVARAQMSQDMAQTFTSIAISMYCPSVMADVASGNLPAL  
PDMGPLPGS\*

MTSP21

MRVVSTLLSIPLMIGLAVPAHAGPSGDDAVFLASLERAGITYSHPDQAIASGKAVCALVE  
SGESGLQVVNELRTRNPGFSMDGCCKFAAISAHVYCPHQITKTSVSAK\*

MTSP22

MARTLALRASAGLVAGMAMAAITLAPGARAETGEQFPGDGVFLVGTDIAPGTYRTEGPSN  
PLILVFGRVSELSTCSWSTHSAPEVSNENIVDTNTSMGPMSVVIPTVA AFQTHNCKLWM  
RIS\*

MTSP23

MLSPLSPRIIAAFTTAVGAAAIGLAVATAGTAGANTKDEAFIAQMESIGVTFSSPQVATQ  
QAQLVCKKLASGETGTEIAEEVLSQTNLT TTKQAAYFVV DATKAYCPQYASQLT\*

FIG. 1 (continued)MTSP24

MTTMITLRRRFVAVAGVATAAATTVT LAPAPANAADVYGAIAYSNGNSWGRSWDYPTRA  
AAEATAVKSCGYSDCKVLTSFTACGAVAANDRAYQGGVGPTLAAAMKDALT KLGGGYIDT  
WACN\*

MTSP25

MTPGLLTTAGAGRPRDRCARIVCTVFIETAVVATMFVALLGLSTISSKADDIDWDIAIAQC  
ESGGNWAANTGNGLYGGLQISQATWDSNGGVGSPAAASPOQQIEVADNIMKTQGP GAWPK  
CSSCSQGDAPLGLSLTHILTFLAAETGGCSGSRDD\*

MTSP26

VQGAVAGLVFLAVLVIFAIIVVAKSVALIPQAEAAVIERLGRYSRTVSGQLTLLVPFIDR  
VRARVDLRERVVSFPQP VITEDNLTLNIDTVVYFQVTPQAAVYEISNYIVGVEQLTTT  
TLRNVVGGMTLEQTLTSRDQINAQLRGVLDEATGRWGLRVARVELRSIDPPPSIQASMEK  
QMKADREKRAMILTAEGTREA AIKQAEQKQQAQILAAEGAKQAA ILAAEADRQSRMLRAQ  
GERAAAYLQAQGOAKAIEKTFAAIKAGRPTPEMLAYQYLQTLPEMARGDANKVWVPSDF  
NAALQGFTRL LGKPGEDGVFRFEPSPVEDQPKHAADGDDAEVAGWFSTDTDP SIARAVAT  
AEAIARKPVEGSLGTPPRLTQ\*

MTSP27

LQTAHRRFAAAFAAVLLAVVCLPANTAAADDKLPLGGGAGIVVNGDTMCTLT TI GHDKNG  
DLIGFTSAHCGGPGAQIAAEGAENAGPVGIMVAGNDGLDYAVIKFDPKAVTPVAVFNGFA  
INGIGPDPSFGQIACKQGR TTGNSCGV TWGPGESPGTLVMQVCGGPGDSGAPVTVDNLLV  
GMIHGAFSDNLPSCITKYIPLHTPAVMSINADLADINAKNRPGAGFVPVPA\*

MTSP28

MLMPENDRRRMMMMAGFGALAAALPAPTAWADPSRPAAPAGPTPAPAAPAAATGGLLFHD  
EFDGPAGSVDPSPKQVSNHRTPIKNPVGFDRPQFFGQYRDSRQNVFLDGNSNLVLRATR  
EGNRYFGGLVHGLWRGGIGTTWEARIKFNCLAPGMWPAWWSNDPGRSGEIDLIEWYGN  
GTWPSGTTVHANPDGTAFETCPIGVDGGWHNWRVTWNPSGMYFWLDYADGIEPYFSVPAT  
GIEDLNEPIREWPFNDPGYKVFPVLNLAVGSGGGDPATGSYPQEMLV DWVRVF\*

MTSP29

VHRR TALKLPLLLAAGTVLGQAPRAAAEEPGRWSADRAHRWYQAHGWLVGANYITSNAIN  
QLEMFQPGTYDPRRIDNELGLARFHGFNTVRVFLHDLLWAQDAPGFQTRLAQFVAIAARY  
HIKPLFVLFDSCWDPLPRPGRQRAPRAGVHNSGWVQSPGAERLDDRRYASTLYNYVTGVL  
GQFRNDDRVLGWDLWNEPDNPARVYRKVERKDKL ERVAELLPQVFRWARTVDPVQPLTSG  
VWQGNWGDPGRRSTISAIQLDNADVITFHSYAAPAEFEGRIAELAPLQRPILCTEYLARS  
QGSTVEGILPIAKRHNVGAFNWGLVAGKTQTYLPWDSWDHPYRAPPKVWFHDL LHPNGRP  
YRDGEVQTIRKLN GMPSQD\*

MTSP30

VSTYGWRAYALPVLMLVLT TVVVYQTVTGTSTPRPAAAQTVRDS PAIGVVGTAILDAPPRG  
LAVFDANLPAGTLPDGGPFTEAGDKTWRVVP GTTPQVGQGT VKVFRYTVEIENGLDPTMY  
GGDNAFAQMVDQTLTNPKGWTHNPQFAFVRIDSGKPDFRISLVSP TTVRGGCGYEFRLET  
SCYNPSFGGMDRQSRVFIN EARWVRGAVPFEGDVGSYRQYVINHEVGHAIGYLRHEPCDQ  
QGGLAPVMMQQTFSTSNDDAAKFDPDFVKADGKT CRFNPWPYPPI\*

FIG. 1 (continued)MTSP31

MRPYIIAIVGSGPSAFFAAASLLKAADTTEDLDMAVDMLEMLPTPWGLVRSQVAPDHPKI  
KSISKQFEKTAEDPRFRFFGNVVGEHVQPGELSERYDAVIYAVGAQSDRMLNIPGEDLP  
GSIAAVDFVGVYNAHPHFQVSPDLGARAVVIGNGNVALDVARIILLTDPDVLARTDIAD  
HALESRLPRGIEQVVIIVGRRGPLQAAFTTLELRELADLDGVDVVIDPAELDGITDEDAAA  
VGKVCQKQNIKVLRGYADREPRPGHRRMVFRFLTSPIEIKGKRKVERIVLGRNELVSDGSG  
RVAAKDTGEREELPAQLVVRVSGYRGVPTPGLPFDDQSGTIPNVGGRINGSPNEYVVGWI  
KRGPTGVI GTNKKDAQDTVDTLIKNLGNKEGAECKSFPEDHADQVADWLAARQPKLVT  
AHWQVIDAFERAAGEPHGRPRVKLASLAELLRIGLG\*

MTSP32

VTNPPWTVDVVVVGAGFAGLAAARELTRQGHEVLVFEGRDRVGGSLTGRVAGVPADMGG  
SFIGPTQDAVLALATELGIPPTPTHDRGNVIQWRGSARSYRGTI PKLSLTGLIDIGRLR  
WQFERIARGVPVAAPWDARRARELDDVSLGEWLRLVRATSSSRNLMAIMTRVTWGCEPDD  
VSMHLAARYVRAAGGLDRLLDVKNQAQQDRVPGGTQQIAQAAAAQLGARVLLNAAVRRID  
RHGAGVTVTSDQQAEGFVIVAIIPAHRAVIEFDPPLPPEYQQLAHHWPQGRLSKAYAA  
YSTPFWRASGYSGQALSDEAPVFI TFDVSPHADGPGILMGFVDARGFDSLPIEERRRDAL  
RCFASLFGDEALDPLDYVDYRWGTEEFAPGGPTAAVPPGWSWKYGHWLREPVGPIHWAST  
ETADEWTGYFDGAVRSGQRAAAEVAALL\*

MTSP33

MKGTKLAVVGMVVAASLAAPAQADDYDAPFNNTIHRFGIYGPQDYNWLAKIS CERLS  
RGVDGDAYKSATFLQRLNLRGTQGGQAFQFLGAAIDHYCPEHVGVLQRAGTR\*

MTSP34

MKALVAVSAVAVVALLGVSSAQADPEADPGAGEANYGGPPSSPRLVDHTEWAQWGS LPSL  
RVYPSQVGR TASRRLGMAAADA AWA EVLALSPEADTAGMRAQFICHWQYAEIRQPGKPSW  
NLEPWRPVVDDSEMLASGCNPGSPEESF\*

MTSP35

MSGRHRKPTTSNVSVAKIAFTGAVLGGGGIAMAAQATAATDGEWDQVARCESGGNWSINT  
GNGYLGGLQFTQSTWAAHGGGEFAPS AQLASREQQIAVGERVLATQGRGAWPVCGRGLSN  
ATPREVL PASAAMDAPLDAAAVNGEPAPLAPPPADPAPPVELAANDLPAPLGEPLPAAPA  
DPAPPADLAPPAPADVAPPVELAVNDLPAPLGEPLPAAPADPAPPADLAPPAPADLAPPA  
PADLAPPAPADLAPPVELAVNDLPAPLGEPLPAAPAE LAPPADLAPASADLAPPAPADLA  
PPAPAE LAPPAPADLAPPAAVNEQTAPGDQPATAPGGPVGLATDLELPEPDPQPADAPP  
GDVTEAPAETPQVSNIAYTKKLWQAI RAQDVCGNDALDSL AQPYYVIG\*

MTSP36

MSGHRKKAMLALAAASLAATLAPNAVAAAEP SWNGQYLVTL SANAKTGT SMAANRPEYPH  
KANYTFSSRCASDVCIATVVDAPPPKNEFI PRPIEYTWNGTQWVREISWQWDCLLPDGTI  
EYAPAKSITAYTPGQYGILTG VFHTDIASGTCKGNVDMPVSAKPIVG\*

FIG. 1 (continued)MTSP37

MRYLIATAVLVAVVLVGWPAAGAPPSCAGLGGTVQAGQICHVHASGPKYMLDMTFPVDYP  
DQQALTDYITQNRDGFVNVAQGSPLRDQPYQMDATSEQHSSGQPPQATRSVVLKFFQDLG  
GAHPSTWYKAFNYNLATSQPIITFDTLFVPGTTPLDSIYPIVQRELARQTGFGAAILPSTG  
LDPAHYQNFAITDDSLIFYFAQGELLPSFVGACQAQVPRSAIPPLAI\*

MTSP38

LKNARTTLIAAAIAGTLVTTSPAGIANADDAGLDPNAAAGPDAVGFDPNLPPAPDAAPVD  
TPPAPEDAGFDPNLPPPLAPDFLSPPAEEAPPVPVAYSVNWDIAIQCESGGNWSINTGNG  
YYGGLRFTAGTWRANGGSGSAANASREEQIRVAENVLRSQGIRAWPVCGRG\*

MTSP39

MSTIFDIRSLRLPKLSAKVVVVGGGLVVVLAVVAAAAGARLYRKLTTTTTVVAYFSEALALY  
PGDKVQIMGVRVGSIDKIEPAGDKMRVTLHYSNKYQVPATATASILNPSLVASRTIQLSP  
PYTGGPVLQDGAVIDPIERTQVPVEWDQLRDSINGILRQLGPTERQPKGPFGLIESAADN  
LAGKGRQLNETLNSLSQALTALNEGRGDFVAITRSLALFVSALYQNDQQFVALNENLAEF  
TDWFTKSDHDLADTVERIDDLVLTGRKFVSDNRSVLAADVNNLADATTTLVQPEPRDGLE  
TALHVLPTYASNFNLYYPLHSSLVGQFVFPNFANPIQLICSAIQAGSRLGYQESAEALCA  
QYLAPVLDALKFNYLPFGSNPFSSAATLPKEVAYSEERLRPPPGYKDTTVPGIFSRDTPF  
SHGNHEPGWVAPGMQGMQVQPFATANMLTPESLAELLGGPDIAPPPPGTNLPGPPNAYDE  
SNPLPPPWPYPQPASLPAAGATGQPGPGQ\*

MTSP40

MKRSMKSGSFAIGLAMMLAPMVAAPGLAAADPATRPVDYQQITDVVIARGLSQRGVFPFSW  
AGGGISGPTRGTGTGINTVGFDASGLIQYAYAGAGLKLPRSSGQMYKVGQKVLPPQARKG  
DLIFYGPEGTQSVALYLGKGQMLEVGDVVQVSPVRTNGMTPYLVRVLGTQTPVQQAPVQ  
PAPVQQAPVQQAPVQQAPVQQAPVQQAPVQQAPVQQAPVQQAPVQQAPVQQAPVQQAPVQPPFGTARS\*

MTSP41

MFTRRFAASMVGTTTLTAATLGLAALGFAGTASASSTDEAFLAQLQADGITPPSAARAIKD  
AHAVCDALDEGHSKAVIKAVAKATGLSAKGAKTFAVDAASAYCPQYVTSS\*

MTSP42

MAAMWRRRRLSSALLSFGLLLGGLPLAAPPLAGATEEPGAGQTPGAPVVAPQQSWNSCRE  
FIADTSEIRTARCATVSVVDYDQPGGTQAKLAVIRVPATGQRFGALLVNPGGPGASAVD  
MVAAMAPAIADTDILRHFDLVGFDPRGVGHSTPALRCRTDAEFDAYRRDPMADYSPAGVT  
HVEQVYRQLAQDCVDRMGFSFLANIGTASVARDMDMVRQALGDDQINYLGYSGTELGTA  
YLERFGTHVRAMVLDGAIDPAVSPIEESI SQMAGFQTAFNDYAADCARSPACPLGTDSAQ  
WVNRYHALVDPLVQKPGKTS DPRGLSYADATTGTINALYSPQRWKYLTSGLLGLQRGSDA  
GDLLVLADDYDGRDADGHYSNDQDAFNAVRCVDAPTPADPAAWVAADQIRIQVAPFLSYG  
QFTGSAPRDLCALWPVPATSTPHPAAPAGAGKVVVVSTTHDPATPYQSGVDLARQLGAPL  
ITFDGTQHTAVFDGNQCVD SAVMHYFLDGTLPPTSLRCAP\*

FIG. 1 (continued)MTSP43

MKTGTATTRRLLAVLIALALPGAALLAEP SATGASDPCAASEVARTVGSVAKSMGDY  
LD SHPETNQVMTAVLQQQVGPGSVASLKAHFEANPKVASDLHALSQPLTDLSTRCSLPIS  
GLQAIGLMQAVQGARR\*

MTSP44

MSRLSSILRAGAAFLVLGIAAATFPQSAAADSTEDFPIPRRMIATTCDAEQYLA AVRDT S  
PVYYQRYMIDFNNHANLQQATINKAHWFFSLSPAERRDYSEHFYNGDPLTF AWVNHMKIF  
FNNKGVVAKGTEVCNGYPAGDMSVWNWA\*

MTSP45

VTKRTITPMTSMGDL LGPEPI LLPGDSDAEAE LLANESPSIVAAAHPSASVAWAVLAEGA  
LADDKTVTAYAYARTGYHRGLDQLRRHGWKGF GPVPYSHQPNRGFLRCVAALAAAAAIG  
ETDEYGRCLDLLDDCDPAARPALGL\*

MTSP46

VIIIPDINLLLYAVITGFPQHRRAHAWWQDTVNGHTRIGLTYPALFGFLRIATSARVLAAP  
LPTADAIAYVREWLSQPNVDLLTAGPRHLDIALGLLDKLG TASHLT TDVQLAAYGIEYDA  
EIHSSDTDFARFADLKWTDPLRE\*

MTSP47

LTDPRHTVRIAVGATALGV SALGATLPACSAHSGPGSPPSAPSAPAAATVMVEGHTHTIS  
GVVECRTSPA VRTATPSESGTQTT RVNAHDD SASVTL SLSDSTPPDVNGFGISLKIGSVD  
YQMPYQPVQSPTQVEATRQGSYTLTGTHAVIPGQTGMREL PFGVHVTCP\*



FIG. 2 (continued)mtsp5

atgggttttaagaagtaggaaaagcacgctcggcggttgctcgtgtgcttagc  
gctggtgctcgggtgggcccgcctcaacgggtgacagcagcagcgcgagccacc  
gcggtccactgaacgcaatgggaagtccggccataccgtcgacggcgag  
gagatacccaaccggttgccgcggtcagtacgaagacctcatggaaccgct  
gtttccgcaggggaaccccgccgagcaacgctatccgccttgggcccgct  
cctacgacgcgagtttgcgagttctcctggcgagcgtgcagcctacggat  
ccgcgcactctgcccccggtatgctccggacgaccgcaagtacgacttcag  
cgtgatcgacaacgcggttgaccaggctcggcgaccgcggtatgcggctga  
cgctgcgggtgtacgcctacagctcgtgctgcaaggcttcctatccggac  
ggcactaacatcgcgattcccgcactgggagcgcgctatcgccagcaccaa  
caccagttatccagggccggcgaccgatccctcgaccgggggtggtgcagg  
tggtgcccgaatttcaacgattcgacctatcttaacgattttgcgcagttg  
ctcgccgcgcttggtcgccgctacgacgggtgacgagcgcctcagcgtgtt  
cgagttctccgggtacggggacttcagcgaaaatcacgtcgcatacctgc  
gcgacacgctcgggtgcgcccgggtccgggcccgggtgaaagcgtggcgacc  
ctgggctattacagccagttccgtgatcagaacatcaccaccgcgctccat  
caaacagctaatcgcggcgaacgtcagcgcttcccgcatacccaactgg  
tgaccagttcccgctaatccggaaatcgtgcgagaactgttcgccgacgag  
gtcaccaacaagcttgccgcgcccgggtgggtgtccgctcggattgcctggg  
cgtcgacgcgcgcttgccggcctgggcccaggtccagcacttcgcactatg  
tgagaccaaagaccgggtgggtgcgcccgcgtgcggcagcgggtggcaacg  
gcgcccgggtgatcaccgagtggtgcgagttgcccgcaccggcagttcgccgcg  
ggcttactacgagaagggcctgcgcgacgtcatcaggtatcacgtgtcga  
tgacgtcgagcgttaacttccccgaccagacggcgacctcgccgatggac  
cccgcggtgtacctgggtgtgggcgcaagctaacgcgccgcgaggtatcg  
gtactcgggtcgaagcgcagccgggggtcgcaagcgcctagcgggcaaggctg  
cgacgatctcggtcacctggaccaactacggcgctgctgccgccaccgaa  
aagtgggtgcccggctaccggctgggtggattccaccggacaggtggttcg  
gacgctgccggcagcgggtggacctgaagacgctgggtctccgaccagcgcg  
gcgatcgacgagcgcgaccagccgacaccggcgctcggtcgccgagacgggt  
cgcggttgatctgtccggcttgcccgcgggcccactacacgctgcgggcccgc  
gatcgactggcaacagcacaaaccgaacggctcccatgtggtgaactatc  
cgcccatgctgtgtgcccgcgacggccgcgacgattccgggttttatccc  
gtcgccacgctcgacatcccacgcgacgcgcgagaccgcgggtcaacgcttc  
gtag

mtsp6

atgagccgactcctagctttgctgtgcgctgcgggtatgcacggggtgcgt  
tgctgtgggttctcgccgagtgagcctggccgctcgtcaaccggtgggttcg  
cgaactcggtcggcaatgccactcaggtgggtttcgggtgggtgggaaccggc  
gggttcgacggccaagatggatgtctaccaacgcaccgccgcccgggtggca  
gccgctcaagaccgggtatcaccacccatctcggttcggcgggcatggcgc  
cggaagccaagagcggatctccggccactccgatgggggtttacagcctg  
gactccgcttttggcaccgcgcccgaatcccggtggcggggttgccgtatac  
ccaagtccgacccaatcactgggtggagtggcgacgacaatagccccacct  
ttaactccatgcaggtctgtcagaagtcacagtgcccgttcagcacggcc  
gacagcgagaacctgcaaatcccgcagtagacaagcattcggtcgtgatggg  
cgtcaacaaggccaagggtcccaggcaaggctccgcggttcttctttcaca  
ccaccgacggcggggcccaccgcgggttggtgtggcgatcgacgatgccacg



FIG. 2 (continued)

ctggtgcagatcatccgttggtgcggcctggtgcggtgatcgcgatcgc  
caagtaa

mtsp7

atgattcgcgaaactggtcaccacccgctgcgatcacgggtgccgcgatcgg  
tggggcgccagtcgcgggcgagaccgcagcggttatgacggcgatgtgc  
cggggatgaactatgacgcttcgctgggcccccatgctccagctgggag  
cgcttcatttttggacgaggccccctccggtcaggccgaagcctgtcattt  
tccgcctcctaaccagttcccgcggccgaaaccggctactgggtgatct  
cctaccgcgtatacggcgctccagcaggtcgggtgcgccgtgtccgaagccg  
caggcgggccgcgcagtcctccggatgggttgccgatgctgtgtctgggagc  
ccgtggatggcagccgggatggtttaccggggccgggttcttccctccgg  
agccataa

mtsp8

atgggtgaattacggttggtgggcggtgtgctccgggtccttgctcgtggt  
cggtgcggtgttcgatgtggcggtgctaaacgcgggtgcggctagtgccg  
acggcccgggtccagctgaagagccgatgggcgatgtttgcctggacgcc  
ccgagtgaggagctgggttcagcccgcgtggtgatcaaccctgcaatgggac  
cgactttcagcgctggaatctcaccgatgaccggcaggtcgagagcgtgg  
ccttccccgggggaatgcgtgaatatcggaatgctttgtgggcgcgctg  
cagcctgtgtggaactggatcagccagcactggactgtccagcccagcgg  
cctgggtcaagagtgatcttgatgcctgcctcacggttctcggcggtccgg  
atcctgggacctgggtgtccaccgcgtggtgcgaccccaatgcacccgac  
caacagtgggatagcgtgccgtaa

mtsp9

atgccggccatgaccgcccgttcggtggtactcagcgtgctgctcgggtgc  
tcatcccgcggtgggccaccgcaagcgaattgatccagctgacagcggatt  
tcggtatcaaggagacgacgttgccgggtcgcgctgaccgcgatggtcggt  
gccggggatctgggtccggtccgcggacggctaccgggtctcggatcggtt  
gctggccccgcagcgccgacaagatgaggccatgcgcccacggaccgcg  
cttggcacggaaactggcacatgctgatttgtcaccagcatcggcaccgat  
gctcgtaccggggcgccactgcgaacctgcatgcaccacaagcgtttcgg  
tgaattgcgggaaggggtgtggatgcggccggacaatctcgacctcgact  
tggagtcggacgttgccggcccgggttaggatgctgacggcccgcgacgag  
gccccgcgcgacttggccgggacgctgtgggatctgtcgggggtggaccga  
ggccggccaccggttgcctcggcgacatggcagcggccaccgacatgcccg  
ggcgatttgtggtggctgcggcgatgggtgcgccacctgctcaccgatccg  
atgttgcccgcgtgaactgttgcccgcgcgactggccggggcgccgggttacg  
ggcggcgtaccacgacttcgccactgcaatggcgaaacgacgcgatgcaa  
ctcaactcctggaggtgacatga

mtsp10

gtgccggccggcgctcggtaacgcacatccggtagcggttttagatatgacgtc  
cgtgcgcacagtgccaaagcgccgtcgcgctgggtgacgtttgccggagccg

FIG. 2 (continued)

cgctcagcgggggtcatcccgggcgattgcccgcgcggatccgggtcgggcat  
caggtgacctacaccgtcacgaccaccagcgacctgatggccaacattcg  
gtacatgagcgcggatccgcccagcatggcggtttcaatgccgattcat  
cgaagtacatgattaccttgacactccgatcgctggcggtcagccgctg  
gtctataccgccacgctggcaaaccgcagccagtgggcgatcgtcaccgc  
cagcggcggcctgcgggtcaatccggagttccactgcgagattgtttag  
acggccaggtggtggtgctgcaggacggcggcagcggcgtgcagtgtcg  
actcgtccctggtaa

mtsp11

atgacgaccagcaaaatcgccaccgccttcaagaccgccaccttcgcgct  
ggccgccgggtgccgttgcaactgggattggccagccccgccgacgcagcgg  
cgggcaccatgtatggcgacccggcagccgcgcgccaagtactggcgccag  
cagacatacgacgactgcgtcctgatgtcgcccgcgagcgtgatcgggtca  
agtgaaccggcagggagccttccgagcgcgcctcatcaaagtggcccagt  
cgacaccagcgtcgtgcacccccgggtccatctacacaaagccggccgac  
gccgagcaccggaactcgggaatgggtaccagcgtggccgacataccgac  
gctgctggcgcattacggcgtcgacgccttatcaccgacgaggaccag  
ccacagccaccggagtcgccaccggcatggccgcccctcgagcagtatctg  
ggcagcgggcacgcctgatcgtcagcatcaacgcgcgagatgatctgggg  
ccagcccgtcgaggaaaccgacagtcgcccgaaccgcggcttgaccacg  
ccgtggtggtgaccggtgtcgataaccgaaaacggcattgttcacctcaac  
gacagcggtaacccccacgggcgcgacgagcagatcccgatggaaacctt  
cgtcgaggcgtggggccaccagccacgacttcatggccgtcaccacctga

mtsp12

atgggagtcattgcccgcgttgctcggtgtcgccgcgtgcgggtttgtccct  
ggccgtgctggccgcgcgcgccaccgcgggcgcggaaaccaccggcgcg  
tgcccccgatgacatccagcggcagcggaccgggtcatcggcgacgggtgac  
gccgcgctgcgacagcggatctcacagcagctgtttagcttcggagatcc  
caccgtccaggagggttgacggctcggacgcggctcaattcatcacggccg  
cagccgctgtcgccgaccgcgatgtggcgtcggtgttcttgccgctgcag  
cgggtgttgggctgccaacagaacacagccgggtcgggggcgggttcgg  
ggcgcgccctaccggcgaaccgacgggcaatggggaggcgcgatgctgg  
tcgtcgccaagagcacctttccgacgtcgacgccctcaaggcctgcgtc  
aagtccgggttggcgcaaggccacgggcggcgcgacttcgatgtgcaa  
caacggttggacctacccgccgttcgccgacaccgcgcggcgaagagg  
gctatttcgtcttgctggccggcacggcctcggacttctgcagtgcgccc  
aacgcgaactaccgaaccaccgcgagctcatggccgggctag

mtsp13

atgcgcttgaagccagccccatctcctgetgcagcctttgccgtcgccgg  
cctgatcctcgacgggtgggcccggatccgtgggcctcgccggcgccgatc  
cggagccggcaccgacaccgaagacggcaattgatagcgacggcacctat  
gcggtggggattgacatcgctcccggcacgtacagctccgcgggacccgt  
cggcgacggcacctgctattggaagcggatgggtaaccccgatggcgcg  
tcatcgataacgcactcagcaagaaaccacaggtagtgcgattgagccg  
accgacaaggcgttcaagacgcacggctgccaaacctggcagaacacggg  
cagcgaaggcgtgcccctgccggagttcctggacctgaagcggggggccc

FIG. 2 (continued)

aactacaaaatcagctcggcatcctcaacggcttactcggaccgactgga  
ggcgagtgccctcagccctaa

mtsp14

atgatcacaaacctccgacgcggaaccgcgatggcagccgcccggcctagg  
ggctgctctcgggctgggcatcctgctgggtccgacgggtggacgcccac  
tcgccaacgggttcgatgtcggaagtcatgatgtcggaatcgccgggttg  
cctatccctccgattatccattacggggcgattgcctatgccccagcgg  
cgctcgggcaaagcgtggcaccagcgcacaccggcgcgagcagagcaag  
tcgcactagaaaagtgcggtgacaagacttgcaaagtgggttagtcgcttc  
accaggtgcggcgcggtcgccataaacggctcgaaataccaaggcggaac  
cggactcacgcgcgcgcggcgagagaagacgacgccgtgaaccgactcgaag  
cgggcgggatcgtcaactgggctgcaactaa

mtsp15

gtgacgggtgctgctcgacgccaacgtgctgatcgcatgggtgggtcgccga  
gcatgtgcatcatgatgccgcagcggactggctcatggcgtccgacaccg  
gattfgcgacctgcccgatgacacaaggaagcctgggttcgattcctgggtg  
cgctcgggacagtcgcgcggcgcggtcgggatgtcgtcagtgcgggtcca  
gtgcacgagccgccacgaattctggcccgatgcactctcttcgcccgggtg  
tcgaggtcgctgggtgtgggttgggcaccggcgaggtgaccgatgcctacct  
gccagctcgcggaagccacgacgggcaggttggcgacgctcgacagcgg  
cttagcacacctgcacggcgacgtcgcggtactcattccaacgaccacct  
ga

mtsp16

gtgcagcgccaatcattgatgccccagcagacccttgccgcccggcggtttt  
cgtgggtgcgctgctatgcgggtgtcgtgacggcgggcggtgccaccacacg  
cacgcgcgcagcgtgggtcgccatctgggtcaacgtgacggtaaccccgggc  
tacaacttcgccaacgcccagcgcgcgcttgagttacggacatggcctctg  
cgagaaggtgtctcggggcgcccttacgcacagatcatcgccgacgtca  
aggctgatttcgacacccgcgaccaataaccaggcctcgatctgctcagc  
caggctgtcaacgaactctgccccgcgctgatctggcagttgcgaaactc  
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mtsp17

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gaactgcccccgaggagcgtgcccgcacacgctgatcactgctgccgaggc  
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gggtgagctgggtgcacgggtgttgcgcagttccggcggggagctgcaccgtc  
tggccggcagcccaggtgcgcgcggagacccgggccaattcggcgccctgg  
ctgccgatcgagcgggcccgcggcctggacggcgggcgccgactgggtgcc  
gcaagcctggcgcgacatggataccaccatggtcgcgggtccattgggtg  
acacgcacaccgcgggtgggtgctgggcaggccaggccccggaatttcgcccg

FIG. 2 (continued)

tccgaggtggcgcggttgggttatctagccggcatcgtggcgacgatgct  
gcgctga

mtsp18

atgcctgacggggagcagagccagccaccggcccaagaagatgcggaaga  
cgactcgcgggcccgacgcccggaggccgcccggccgaacccaaatcat  
cagccgggtccgatgttctcgacctacgggtatcgccctcgacactactcggc  
gtgctatcgggtcgccgcggtcgtgctgggtgcgatgatctgggtccgcaca  
ccgcatgactccggcgagcgtacctacctgaccgggtcatgctgaccg  
ccgctgaatggacggccggtgctgatcaacatgaacgcccgaacaacatcgat  
gccagcctgcagcgactgcacgacggaacgggtcgggtcaactcaacaccga  
cttcgacgctgtcgtgcagccctaccggcagggtgggtggagaagtgcgga  
cgcacagcagcggcaggatcgaggcggtagcgatcgatacgggtgcaccgc  
gagctggataccagtcgggtgccgcccagccggtagtaaccacgaaatt  
gccaccgtttgccactcgacccgactcgggtgctgctgggtcgcgacgtcgg  
tcagtgagaacgcccggcgccaaacccagaccgtgcactggaacttcgcg  
ctcgatgtctccgatgtggacggcaagctgatgatctcccggttgagtc  
gattcgatga

mtsp19

atgaagatggtgaaatcgatcgccgcaggtctgaccgcccggcgtgcaat  
cggcgccgctgcccgggtgtgacttcgatcatggctggcgcccggtcg  
tataccagatgcagccgggtcgtcttcggcgcgccactgccgttggaaccg  
gcatccgcccctgacgtcccagaccgcccagttgaccagcctgctcaa  
cagcctcgccgatcccaacgtgtcgtttgcgaacaagggcagtcgtggtcg  
aggcgggcatcgggggacccgaggcgcgcatcgccgaccacaagctgaag  
aaggccgcccagcagcgggatctgccgctgtcgttcagcgtgacgaacat  
ccagccggcgggcgccggttcggccaccgcccagcgtttccgtctcgggtc  
cgaagctctcgtcgccggtcacgcagaacgtcacgttcgtgaatcaaggc  
ggctggatgctgtcacgcgcacatcggcgatggagttgctgcaggccgcagg  
gaactga

mtsp20

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ccgtcgacgacgcttcacgcgcgctgaacaatgccggcgctcaactac  
ggcgatccggtcgacgcccgaagcgctgggtcagtcctgtcggcgatcct  
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gcccgaaggcatgtcccaggacatggcgcaaaccttcaccagtatcgcg  
atttcgatgtactgcccctcgggtgatggcagacgtcgccagcggcaacct  
gccggcccctgccagacatgccgggggctgcccggtcctag

mtsp21

atgagagttgtgtcaacgctactcagcattccggttgatgatcggcttggc  
ggttccggcccacgcggggcccgagcggtagcgacgcgggtctttcttgct  
cgctagagcggggcaggcattacctacagccaccggatcaagccatagca  
tcgggcaaggccgtatgcgcgttagtcgaaagcggcggaatcgggtcttca  
ggctcgtcaacgagctgcggaccgcgaatcccgggttttcgatggacgggt  
gttgcaagttcgctgcatctccgcgcatgtctattgccccaccagatc  
actaaaaccagcgtcagcgcgaaatag

FIG. 2 (continued)mtsp22

atggcccgcacgcttgcggtgcgcgcacatcggcgggactcgtcgcgggtat  
ggcaatggccgcgatcacgctcgacacctggggcccgcgcgaaaccggtg  
agcaattccccggggatgggggtgtttctcgtgggaactgacattgcgcca  
ggcacctaccgcacggaggggcgctcgaatccccttattttgggtgttcgg  
caggggtgtccgagctctcaacctgctcatgggtcgacacacagcgcacccg  
aggtgagcaatgagaacattgtcgacaccaaacacctctatgggcccgatg  
tcagtgggtgatcccgcgcgacctggcagccttcagacgcataactgcaa  
gctttggatgcggatctcatag

mtsp23

atggttatcgccgttatcgccctcgcatatatcgacgcgttcaccactgcagt  
cggcgccgcgcgcatcggaacttgccgtcgccaccgcccggcaccgcgcggcg  
ccaacaccaaagacgaagccttcattgctcagatggagtcatttggcgctc  
accttctctctaccgcaggtggccacccagcaagcccagctgggtctgcaa  
gaagctggccagcggcgaaaccggcaccgagatcgccgaggaggtcctca  
gccaaaccaacctgaccactaagcaggcagcctacttcgtcgtcgacgca  
accaaggcctactgcccgcgaatacgccagccagctcacctag

mtsp24

atgacgacgatgattactcttcggcgacgggttcgcgggtggccgtcgccgg  
cgctcgccactgcccgcgcgacgacgcgtcacccctggctcccgcaccagcaa  
atgccgcgcgatgtctatggcgcaattgcctactccggcaacgggtcgtgg  
ggccgatcgtgggactaccaaacccggcggtgcggaagccaccgcgcgt  
caagtgcgtgtggctactccgactgcaaggtgctcaccagtttcaccgcct  
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catcgacacctgggcctgcaactaa

mtsp25

atgacaccgggtttgcttactactgcgggtgctggccgaccacgtgacag  
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ccatgtttgtcgcggtgttgggtctgtccaccatcagctcgaaagccgac  
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ggccaacaccggtaacgggttatacgggtggtctgcagatcagccaggcga  
cgtgggattccaacgggtggtgtcgggtcgcccggcgagtcgccag  
caacagatcgaggctcgagacaacattatgaaaacccaaggcccgggtgc  
gtggccgaaatgtagttcttgtagttagggagacgcaccgctgggctcgc  
tcacccacatcctgacgttcctcgcgccgagactggaggttgttcgggg  
agcagggacgattga

mtsp26

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cgccatcatcgtgggtggccaagtgggtggcgctgatcccgcaggcggagg  
ccgcggtgatcgagcgggtgggtcgctatagtcgtacggtcagtgggcag  
ttgacgctgttgggtgccgttcacgcaccgcgtccgggctcgggtggacct  
gcgcgagcgggtggtgtcgtttccgcccgaaccgggtgatcaccgaggaca  
acttgacgctgaacatcgacaccgtcgtctacttccaggtgaccgttcgcg

FIG. 2 (continued)

caggcgggcggtgtacgagatcagcaattacatcgtcggggtcgaacagct  
caccaccaccacctgcgcaacggtgtcggcgggatgacgctggagcaga  
cgttgacctcgcgtagccagatcaacgcccagctgcgcggcggttctcgat  
gaggcgaccggccgctgggtctcgggggtggcgcggtggagctgcgcag  
catcgatccgcccgcgctcgattcaggcgctcgatggaaaagcagatgaagg  
ccgaccgggagaagcgagcgatgattctgaccgccgaaggtaccggggag  
gcgcgcataaaacaggccgaggggcaaaagcaggcgcgatcctggccgc  
cgaggcgccaagcaggccgcgcatcttggtgctgaggccgatcggcagt  
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cgcccgacgggtgacgacgcccaggtcgccggctggttctccaccgatacc  
gaccgctcgatcgctcgggcgggtggctacagccgaggcgatagcccgcaa  
gccggtcgagggttcgctggggacgccccccagggtgactcaatag

mtsp27

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ggccgttgtgtgctacctgcaaacaccgcggcagccgacgacaagctac  
cgctgggcgggtgggtgcgggcatcgtcgtcaacggggacaccatgtgcacc  
ctaaccaccatcgcccatgacaagaacgggtgacctcatcggttcaacttc  
cgccactgtggggggcccgggcgcgagatcgccgctgagggtgccgaga  
acgcgggcccggtaggcatcatggtcgccggcaacgacggcctggactac  
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cggttttgcatcaacggcattggcccggaccgctcgttcggccagatcg  
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cgactccggtgcgcgggtgaccgtcgacaatctgctggtcgggatgatcc  
acggcgcatcagcgacaatctgccgagttgcatcaccaaatacatcccg  
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mtsp28

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gcggaaccgggtgggctttgttccacgacgagttcgacggggccggccgg  
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tcaagaaccgggtgggctttgaccggccccagtttttgggacagtaccgc  
gacagtgcagagaacgtgttccctcgacggcaactccaatctcgtgctgcg  
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ggcggggtggcatcgggaccacctgggaggcccggatcaagttcaactgc  
ctgggtccgggcatgtggcccgcctggtggttgtccaatgacgatcctgg  
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cgtcgggaaccaccgtgcacgccaaccggacggcaccgcatcgcgagacc  
tgcccgatcggtgtggacgggtgggtggcacaactggcgcgctcacgtggaa  
tccgagcggcatgtacttctggctggattacgccgacggcatcgagccct  
acttctcggttccggcgaccgggaatcgaagacctcaacgagcccatccgc

FIG. 2 (continued)

gagtggccggttcaacgacccccggtacaaaggtgtttccggtggtgaacct  
tgcggttggcgggttctggtggcgcgatcccgcgacgggttcctatccac  
aggagatgctcgtcgactgggtgcgcgctcttttaa

mtsp29

gtgcaccgtcgaacggccctgaagctcccgtgctgctggcggcaggcac  
ggtgctgggccaagcgccgcgggcggaagaaccaggccggtggt  
cggccgaccgcgacatcgctggtatcaagcgacggctggctcgtcgg  
gcaaactacatcacctcgaacgccatcaaccagctcgagatgttccagcc  
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ttcacgggttcaacaccgtgcgagttcttctccacgacctgctgtggg  
caagacgccccgggtttccaaaccggctcgcgagttcgtcgccatcgc  
ggcgcgataccacatcaaaccgctctttgtcctgttcgactcctgctggg  
accgctccccagaccgggtcggcagcgggcgccaagggtgggggtgcac  
aactccgggtgggtgcaaagtccgggtgctgaacgcctcgatgaccgccc  
ctatgccagcacgctgtacaactacgtcacgggtgtgttgggccaattcc  
gcaacgacgatcgcggtgttgggttgggacctgtggaatgaaccgcacaat  
cccgcgcgctgtatcgcaagggtggaaaggaaagacaagctcgagcgct  
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caaggcagcactgtcgagggaatcctgccgattgctaagcggcacaacgt  
tggtgcggttcaattggggttgggtggcgggaaagactcagacctatttgc  
cgtgggattcgtgggacacccctaccgcgcgccccgaagggtgtggttt  
cacgacctgctacaccccaacggccggccgtatcgggacggcggaagttca  
aacgattcggaagctgaacgggatgccgagccaggactag

mtsp30

gtgtccacgtacgggtggcgcgccctacgcctgcccgttctgatggtgct  
gaccacggtggtggtgtaccagacgggtgaccgggacgagcacgccaaggc  
ccgcgggcgccagaccgtccgggactcgccggccattggtgtggtgggg  
accgcatcctcgacgcaccgcctcgcggtcttgacgtgttcgatgcca  
tctgccggccgggacgctgccggatggcgggccggttcaccgaggctggtg  
acaagacctggcggtgtcgttccggcactactccccaggtcggtcaaggc  
accgtcaaagtgttcaggtataccgctcgagatcgagaacgggtcttgatcc  
cacaatgtacggcggtgacaacgcattcgcccagatggtcgaccagacgt  
tgaccaatccccagggtggacccacaatccgcaattcgcggttcgtgcgg  
atcgacagcggaaccggacttccggatttcgctggtgtcgccgacgac  
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accgctcgttcggcgggcatggatcgccaatcgcggggtgttcataacgag  
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cagacgttttccacctccaatgacgacgcggccaagtttgaccccgactt  
cggttaaggcggttggaagacctgccgattcaatccctggccctaccgga  
ttccctaa







FIG. 2 (continued)

ctccaggcgggcccggttggccttgccaccgatttggaactccccgagccc  
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cgccgaaacgcccccaagtctcgaaacatcgccatacgaagaagctgtggc  
aggcgattcgggcccgagcgtctgcggcaacgatgcgctggactcgctc  
gcacagccgtacgtcatcggtga

mtsp36

atgtccggacaccgcaagaaggcaatgctcgccctggcggtgcgtcgct  
ggcagcgacgtggccccgaacgcagtcgcgcccgagaaccgtcggtgga  
acgggcagtacctcgtgacgttgtctgccaacgcgaaaaccggcaccagc  
atggcgcccaaccggccagagtatccacacaaagcgaactacacgttcag  
ctcgcgctgcgctccgatgtctgcattgccaccgtggctcgacgctccgc  
caccaaaaaacgagttcatcccgcggccaatcgaatacacctggaatggg  
actcaatgggtacgggagatcagctggcaatgggactgcctgctaccgga  
cggcacaatcgaatatgccccagccaaatcgatcacggcctacacgccc  
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ctga

mtsp37

atgcggttatctgatagcgaccgcagtgctcgcttgctgtgggtcctgggtggg  
ctggccggcggtggtgcgcccgcgtcatgcgcccgcctgggcggcactg  
tgcaggccggccagatctgccatgtgcacgcctcgggccctaagtacatg  
ctggatatgacatttcctgtcgactatcccgaccagcaggcgctgaccga  
ctacatcacgcaaaaccgcgacgggttcgtcaacgtcgcgaggggtccc  
cgctgcgagaccagccctaccaaattggacgccaccagcgaacagcacagc  
tccggccagccgcccagggccaccgcagcgtagtgctcaaattcttcca  
ggacctcgggtggggcacatccgtccaccctggtagaaggccttcaactaca  
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accacgccactggacagcatctaccccatcggtcagcgcgagctggcacg  
tcagaccggtttcgggtgcgcgatattgccttcgaccggcctcgaccggg  
ctcactaccagaactttgctatcacgcgacagctctgattttctacttc  
gcccagggtgagctgctgccgtcgtttgtcggcgcttgccaagcccaggt  
gccgcgacgcccattccgcccgtggcaatctaa

mtsp38

ttgaagaacgcccgtacgacgctcatcgccgcccgcgattgccgggacgtt  
ggtgaccacgtcaccagccggtatcgccaatgccgacgacgcgggcttgg  
acccaaacgcccgcagccggcccggatgccgtgggctttgaccgaaacctg  
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cgcgggctttgatcccaacctccccccgcccgtggccccggacttcctgt  
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tgggacgcgatcgcgcagtgcgagtccgggtggaaactggtcgatcaacac  
cggtaacgggttactacggcgccctgcgggttcaccgcccggcacctggcgtg  
ccaacgggtggctcggggtccgcccgaacgcgagccgggaggagcagatc  
cgggtggctgagaacgtgctgcgttcgcagggtatccgcgcctggccgggt  
ctgcggccgcgcgggtga

mtsp39

atgagcaccatcttcgacatccgcagcctgcgactgccgaaactgtctgc  
aaaggtagtggtcgctcggcgggttggtgggtggtcttggcgggtcggtggccg

FIG. 2 (continued)

ctgcgggccggcgcgcggtctacccggaaactgactaccactaccgtgggtc  
gcgtatttctctgaggcgctcgcgctgtacccaggagacaaaagtcagat  
catgggtgtgcggttcggttctatcgacaagatcgagccggccggcgaca  
agatgcgagtcacgttgcactacagcaacaataaccaggtgcccggccacg  
gctaccgcgctcgatcctcaaccccagcctggtggcctcgcgaccatcca  
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agggcaggcagctcaacgaaacgctgaacagtttgtcgaggcggttgacc  
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cacaccgttttcacacggcaaccatgaaccggggtgggtcgttgcgcccg  
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mtsp40

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cgcgcccggtggattatcaacagatcacccagctcgtgatcgcgcgcggg  
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ccggtttgatccagtagcgcctatgcgggtgcccgggttaaagctgccgcgt  
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mtsp41

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gctcgaccgacgaagcgttcctcgcgagctgcaggcggaacgggatcact

FIG. 2 (continued)

ccgccgagcgcagcgcgcgccatcaaggacgcgcacgccgtctgcgaacgc  
cctcgacgaggggtcactcggccaaagcgggtcatcaaggcgggtggccaagg  
cgaccgggtctgagcgccaagggcgccaagacgttcgccgttgacgcgcgcg  
tcggcctactgcccgcagtagctgacctcgagctaa

mtsp42

atggcgcccatgtggcgccgcagaccgttgagctcggcgctgctgtcctt  
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cgactgaagaacccggcgccggccaaaccccggtgcgccgggtcgtggcg  
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aggcttaccggcagttggcccaggactgtgttgaccggatgggcttcagc  
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gtgcgcgcctga

mtsp43

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cccgcggtag

FIG. 2 (continued)mtsp44

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mtsp45

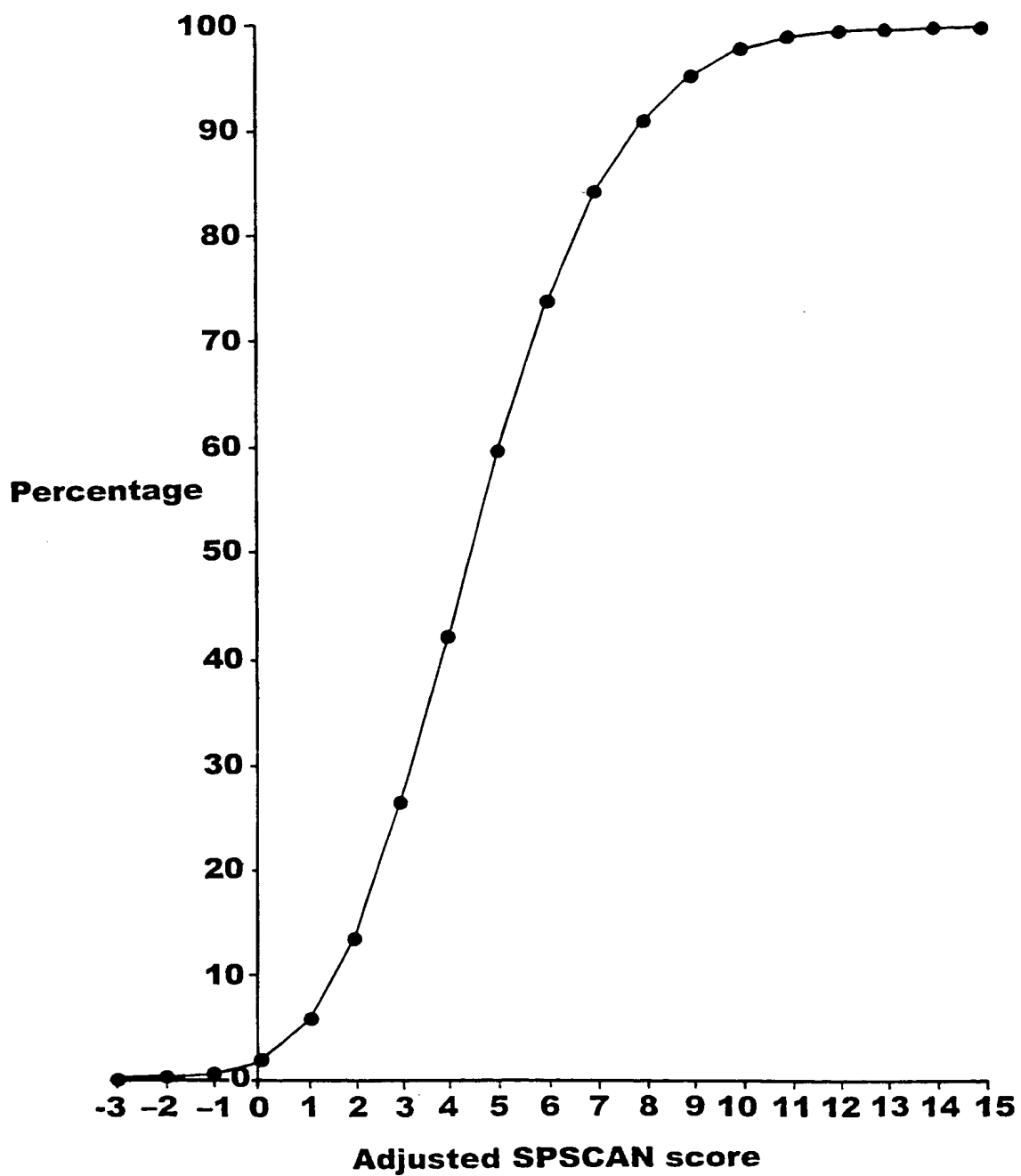
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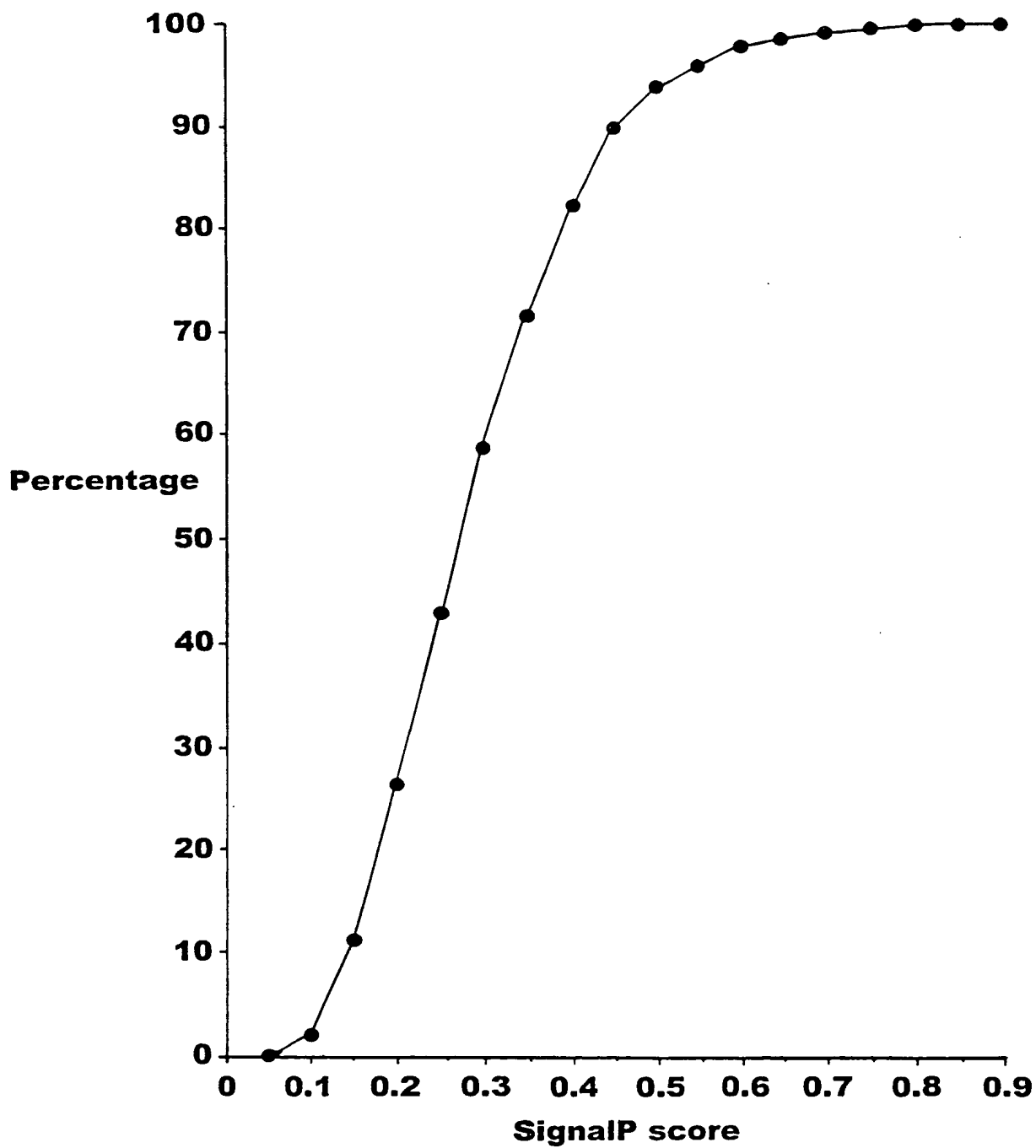
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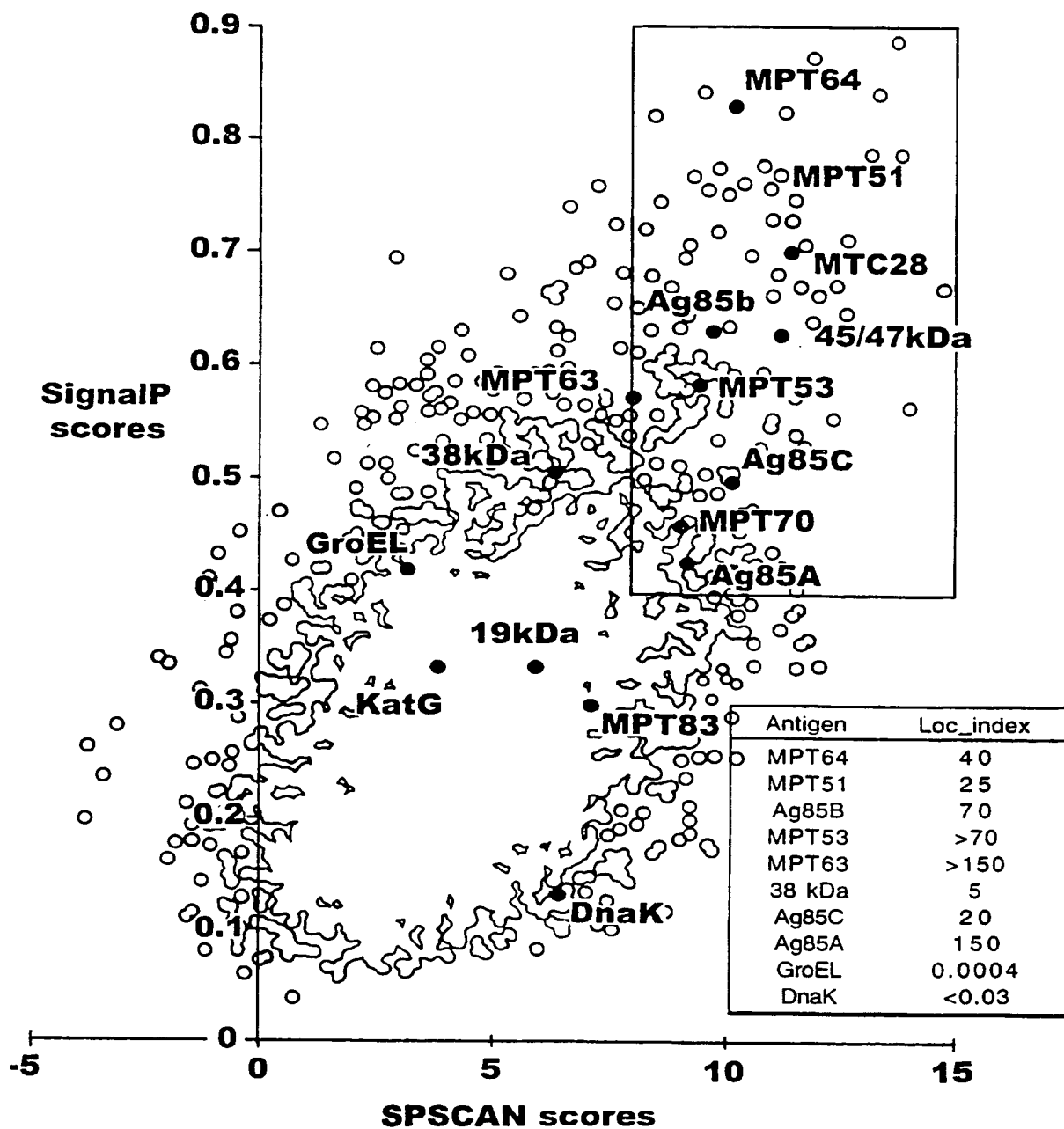
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mtsp47

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aagagttacacactgaccgggacgggtcacgcggtgatcccgggccaaccggcatgcgt  
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**FIG. 3A**

**FIG. 3B**

**FIG. 3C**



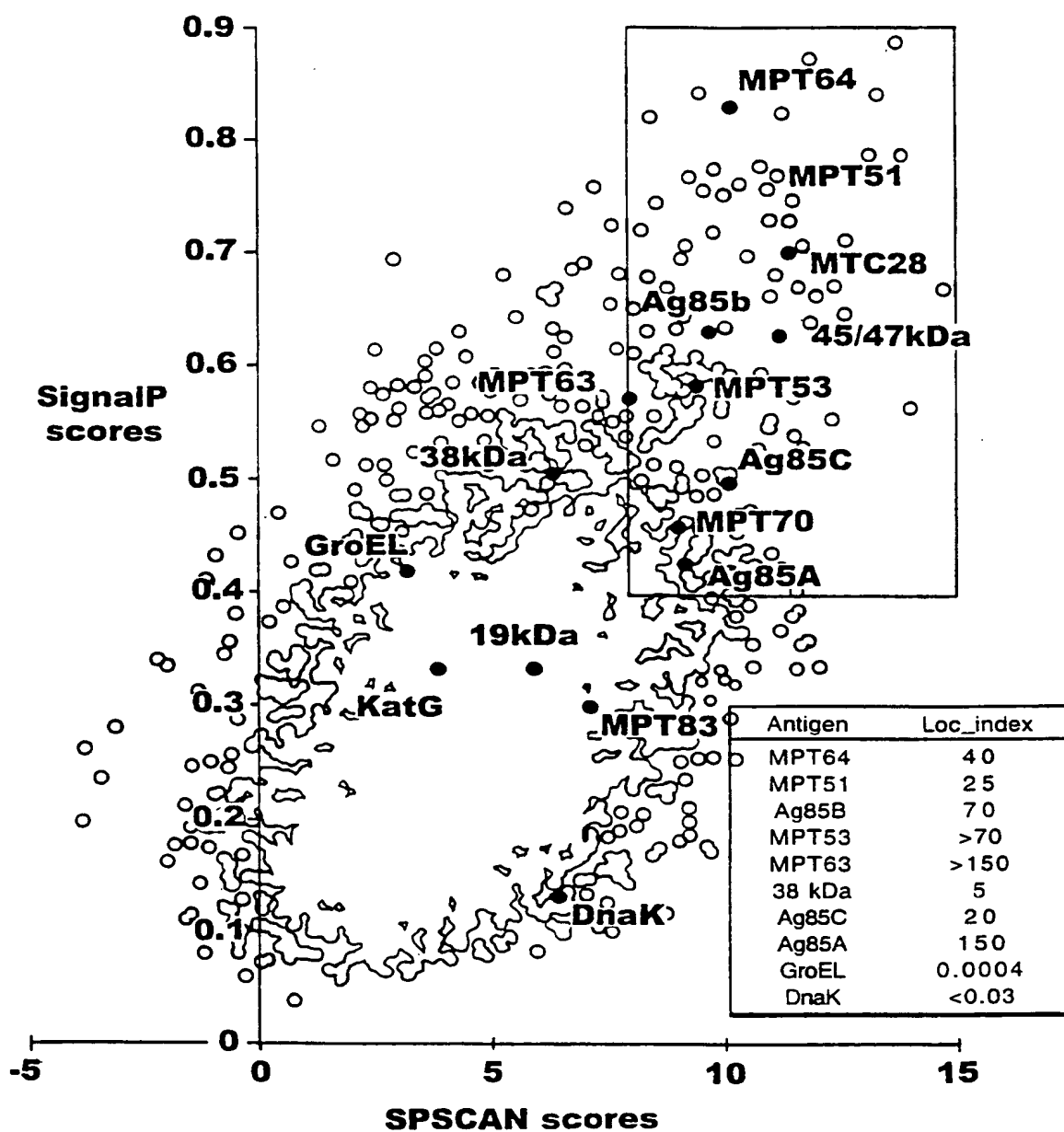


FIG. 4

## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.  
PCT/US00/12197

## A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC(7) : Please See Extra Sheet.

US CL : Please See Extra Sheet.

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

## B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

U.S. : 424/185.1, 234.1, 248.1; 435/69.1, 71.1, 91.1, 253.1; 530/300, 350; 536/22.1, 23.1, 23.7

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

FIOSIS, CABA, CAPLUS, EMBASE, LIFESCI, MEDLINE, SCISEARCH, USPATFULL, JAPIO

## C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Y	MANCA, C. et al. MTC28, a novel 28-kilodalton proline-rich secreted antigen specific for the Mycobacterium tuberculosis complex. Infection and Immunity. December 1997, Vol. 65, No. 12, pages 4951-4957, entire reference.	1-20
Y	MANCA, C. et al. Molecular cloning, purification, and serological characterization of MPT63, a novel antigen secreted by Mycobacterium tuberculosis. Infection and Immunity. January 1997, Vol. 65, No. 1, pages 16-23, entire reference.	1-20

☒ Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. ☐ See patent family annex.

* Special categories of cited documents:	*T* later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
*A* document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance	*X* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
*E* earlier document published on or after the international filing date	*Y* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art
*L* document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)	*Z* document member of the same patent family
*O* document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means	
*P* document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed	

Date of the actual completion of the international search

06 SEPTEMBER 2000

Date of mailing of the international search report

22 SEP 2000

Name and mailing address of the ISA/US  
Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks  
Box PCT  
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Authorized officer

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Telephone No. (703) 308-0196

## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.  
PCT/US00/12197

## C (Continuation). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Y	GENNARO, M.L. et al. Gene cloning and purification of proteins secreted by Mycobacterium tuberculosis. Journal of Cellular Biochemistry Supplement. 1995, Abstract No. B3-112, page 68, entire abstract.	1-20
Y	ANDERSEN, P. et al. Proteins released from Mycobacterium tuberculosis during growth. Infection and Immunity. June 1991, Vol. 59, No. 6, pages 1905-1910, entire reference.	1-20
Y	BORREMANS, M., et al. Cloning, sequence determination, and expression of a 32-kilodalton-protein gene of Mycobacterium tuberculosis. Infection and Immunity. October 1989, Vol. 57, No. 10, pages 3123-3130, entire reference.	1-20
Y	CONTENT, J. et al. The genes coding for the antigen 85 complexes of Mycobacterium tuberculosis and Mycobacterium bovis BCG are members of a gene family: Cloning, sequence determination, and genomic organization of the gene coding for antigen 85-c of Mycobacterium tuberculosis. Infection and Immunity. September 1991, Vol. 59, No. 9, pages 3205-3212, entire reference.	1-20
Y	HORWITZ, M.A. et al. Protective immunity against tuberculosis induced by vaccination with major extracellular proteins of Mycobacterium tuberculosis. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences, USA. February 1995, Vol. 92, pages 1530-1534, entire reference.	1-20
Y	ROBERTS, A.D. et al. Characteristics of protective immunity engendered by vaccination of mice with purified culture filtrate protein antigens of Mycobacterium tuberculosis. Immunology. 1995, Vol. 85, pages 502-508, entire reference.	1-20
Y	MATSUMOTO, S. et al. Cloning and sequencing of a unique antigen MPT70 from Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv and expression in BCG using E. coli-Mycobacteria shuttle vector. Scandinavian Journal of Immunology. 1995, Vol. 41, pages 281-287, entire reference.	1-20
Y	LAQUEYRERIE, A. et al. Cloning, sequencing, and expression of the apa gene coding for the Mycobacterium tuberculosis 45/47-kilodalton secreted antigen complex. Infection and Immunity. October 1995, Vol. 63, No. 10, pages 4003-4010, entire reference.	1-20

# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.  
PCT/US00/12197

## Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)

This international report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:

1. ☐ Claims Nos.:  
because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:
  
2. ☐ Claims Nos.:  
because they relate to parts of the international application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful international search can be carried out, specifically:
  
3. ☐ Claims Nos.:  
because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).

## Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)

This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:

Please See Extra Sheet.

1. ☐ As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers all searchable claims.
2. ☐ As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3. ☐ As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
  
4. ☒ No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this international search report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:  
1-20

Remark on Protest

- ☐ The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.  
☐ No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.  
PCT/US00/12197

**A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER:**  
IPC (7):

A61K 38/00, 39/00, 39/02, 39/04; C07H 21/02, 21/04; C07K 1/00, 14/00; C12N 1/12, 1/20; C12P 19/34, 21/04, 21/06

**A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER:**  
US CL :

424/185.1, 234.1, 248.1; 435/69.1, 71.1, 91.1, 253.1; 530/300, 350; 536/22.1, 23.1, 23.7

**BOX II. OBSERVATIONS WHERE UNITY OF INVENTION WAS LACKING**

This ISA found multiple inventions as follows:

This application contains the following inventions or groups of inventions which are not so linked as to form a single inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1. In order for all inventions to be searched, the appropriate additional search fees must be paid.

Group I, claims 1-20, drawn to DNA, vector, transformed cells, polypeptides, and a first method of use for diagnosis in vivo.

Group II, claims 21-24, drawn to second method of use for diagnosis in vitro using cells.

Group III, claims 25-28, drawn to third method of use for diagnosis in vitro using antibodies.

Group IV, claims 29-36, drawn to fourth method of use for vaccination.

The inventions listed as Groups I-IV do not relate to a single inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because, under PCT Rule 13.2, they lack the same or corresponding special technical features for the following reasons: the DNA is a single inventive concept, and as such the corresponding vectors, transformed cells, polypeptides encoded by the DNA, and a first method of use of the polypeptides are included in the first invention. The remaining Groups II-IV are additional methods of use, not requiring the DNA, but can utilize isolated and purified polypeptides obtained from *M. tuberculosis*.



## INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

<b>(51) International Patent Classification <sup>7</sup> :</b> A61K 38/00, 39/00, 39/02, 39/04, C07H 21/02, 21/04, C07K 1/00, 14/00, C12N 1/12, 1/20, C12P 19/34, 21/04, 21/06	<b>A1</b>	<b>(11) International Publication Number:</b> WO 00/66143 <b>(43) International Publication Date:</b> 9 November 2000 (09.11.00)
<b>(21) International Application Number:</b> PCT/US00/12197 <b>(22) International Filing Date:</b> 4 May 2000 (04.05.00)  <b>(30) Priority Data:</b> 60/132,479 4 May 1999 (04.05.99) US 60/132,503 4 May 1999 (04.05.99) US  <b>(63) Related by Continuation (CON) or Continuation-in-Part (CIP) to Earlier Applications</b> US 60/132,503 (CON) Filed on 4 May 1999 (04.05.99) US 60/132,479 (CON) Filed on 4 May 1999 (04.05.99)  <b>(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US):</b> THE PUBLIC HEALTH RESEARCH INSTITUTE OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, INC. [US/US]; 455 First Avenue, New York, NY 10016 (US). <b>(72) Inventors; and</b> <b>(75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only):</b> GENNARO, Maria, L. [US/US]; - (US). GOMEZ, Manuel, J. [US/US]; - (US).		<b>(74) Agent:</b> HONE, William, J.; Fish & Richardson P.C., Suite 2800, 45 Rockefeller Plaza, New York, NY 10111 (US).  <b>(81) Designated States:</b> AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).  <b>Published</b> <i>With international search report. Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of the receipt of amendments.</i>
<b>(54) Title:</b> SECRETED PROTEINS OF MYCOBACTERIUM TUBERCULOSIS AND THEIR USE AS VACCINES AND DIAGNOSTIC REAGENTS  <b>(57) Abstract</b>  The invention provides <i>mycobacterium tuberculosis</i> polypeptides and genes encoding them for use in diagnostic and prophylactic methodologies.		